

## WAR VOTE IS NOT ON PARLIAMENT'S SATURDAY AGENDA

Won't Be Discussed, Even  
If Quorum Is Obtained,  
Says One Report

### SPECIAL MOTION

Other Side's Hope; Accept  
Ministers' Resignations,  
Dr. Wu Included

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Peking, May 17.—There was no meeting of Parliament today. An ordinary meeting has been called for Saturday, but the war resolution is not included in the agenda.

The meeting is awaited with intense interest. In some quarters, it is predicted that the war question will not be discussed, even if a quorum is secured, while others assert that the matter will be brought up by a special motion.

The constitution is nearly completed and the regulations governing the celebration of the occasion have been promulgated. They include the issue of a special stamp, bearing a photograph of the Houses of Parliament.

Cantonese Ask Early Decision

Canton, May 17.—Many leading Cantonese, interviewed by Reuter's correspondent, expressed themselves in favor of a Coalition Cabinet, should the present one resign. They also wished Parliament to settle the question of peace or war at an early date. Up to the present, the officials have expressed no views on this matter.

### Four Resigned Ministers

Allowed To Quit Cabinet  
President Li Yuan-hung has decided to accept the resignations of Ministers Kuo Chung-hsueh, Wu Ting-fang, Chen Pin-kwan and Chang Yao-ten, who have asked to resign and appoint the vice-ministers of the respective ministries to act in their capacity.

Pan Yuen-hen went to Tientsin Wednesday to consult with Hsu Shih-chang on the present situation. According to the statement of a certain influential politician, there are two factions under Premier Tuan, the Anhui and Peking. The former is absolutely in favor of supporting the present Cabinet, while the latter will have Wang Shih-cheng, should Tuan quit, in order to retain the power of the Peking faction.

### From the Chinese Press

President Li has sent Ting Wei and Hsu Han-chang again to inquire about the indisposition of Vice-President Feng. Mr. Feng stated in a telegram Wednesday, however, that he is improving, although he has not yet completely recovered. He intends to cancel his leave of absence and resume his duties very soon.

Wang Chun-hui and Kiang Yung are the candidates for the office of the Minister of Law, left by Chang Yao-ten.

"A united Szechuen to ward off foreign evils" is the substance of a telegram sent by the local Szechuen guild yesterday to the military, civil, educational, commercial, and journalistic institutions at Chungking, Szechuen. The measure was taken as a result of a mass meeting held at the Hsu Garden, Connaught Road, Monday. The telegram, which was signed by 367 residents, reads as follows:

"We are all familiar with the fact that the Yunnanese troops are causing a great deal of trouble in Szechuen. During this chaotic situation, a united Szechuenese body is the only means of protecting our beautiful cities from foreign aggression.

"The military authorities of the province will be relied upon to maintain the order of our native land. You have all seen what has happened before. Life and property will depend on the militia for protection. Therefore we appeal to you to cast away all party differences, mutually protect one another, mutually encourage one another to be united and mutually explain to each other the importance of such a measure.

"We, being far distant from the center of activities, feel heart-broken at not being able to participate at the (Continued on Page 2)

## Mr. Tong Shao-yi Refuses Request Of The Premier To Come Up To Peking

Question Should Be Left To Parliament Without  
Pressure, He Says; Dr. Sun Telegraphs Again

Mr. Tong Shao-yi yesterday made public the fact that he had received a letter from Premier Tuan Chih-jui asking him to come up to Peking to use his influence to help solve the present dilemma in the capital. Mr. Tong refused.

"I feel about the situation just as I felt when I sent my telegram to Peking a few weeks ago advising against the declaration of war," said Mr. Tong yesterday in discussing the situation. "But if the question is openly laid before Parliament and left to it to decide legitimately and without pressure I shall submit to the decision of the majority, just as the minority in America opposed to the war has submitted."

"There is only one thing for the Premier to do now. If he wants to re-form his cabinet he should make plain his foreign policy, select ministers who are in agreement with him and submit that cabinet to Parliament. Then he can stand or fall by the action of Parliament. If it votes confidence in his cabinet and his policy, then he can go ahead. If not, they can choose another man to carry out another policy. That is the only proper way in a constitutional government."

"In my letter to the Premier I practically repeated my sentiments in the telegram I sent when the question of a break with Germany came up. Those who want to declare war say that China will thereby get a voice in the peace conference. But instead of China getting into the peace conference, I think the other Powers will hold a conference on China, whether we go into the war or not."

Another telegram from Dr. Sun Yat-sen to the members of Parliament on the question of declaring war was made public yesterday. The telegram reads:

"I have been told that the question of the declaration of war has not been placed in the program of the House of Representatives as yet. The question has very grave relation of the life and death of the State. At present foreign Powers are said to discuss the measures how to treat Germany after the declaration of war against Germany by China, without waiting for the views of our own country whether China will declare war or not, from which we may see that in future China will be unable to decide everything on her own initiative. Since the severance of the diplomatic relations with Germany the price of rice has risen a great deal and the poor people of the Yangtze region are suffering from it. The people's important question is that of provisions. If China declares war against Germany the price of rice will undoubtedly further rise and the people will suffer more and there will be troubles among the people and who will be responsible?"

"A dangerous sign of the downfall of this country is in front of us. The rejection of the bill of the declaration of war will save the State. The rest of the political disputes may now be put aside. After the foreign policy has been decided we may decide whether we will support the Government or not by seeing their political views. If the Cabinet will change its policy of declaration of war in accordance with what is maintained by Parliament we may support the Cabinet and if the Cabinet will not push through its policy the Cabinet must retire, taking up its responsibilities. If anyone maintains to overthrow the Cabinet without deciding the question of the declaration of war that is not what we desire."

### Mob of Hungry Women

At Kaifeng Ask Food  
Magistrate Forced To Assist  
Them; No Rain For Six  
Months; Crops Ruined

Special Correspondence to The China Press  
Kaifeng, May 15.—No rain for six months, the wheat harvest a failure, and poor prospects for anything to grow by autumn have conspired to fasten famine on Honan. For some time flour has been so high that the poor had to quit using bread. Several weeks ago, rice being reasonably cheap, it was brought north in great quantities, affording temporary respite, but even rice has recently doubled in price.

This fact provoked a crowd of hungry women to make a forced call on the Magistrate. Pressing by the police who tried to hold them back, they went into the yamen and called for the officer wanted. He having had a tip no doubt of what was coming, was reported at first as not being at home. But the number of the women increasing in the court-yard and their voices growing raucous with walls, the Magistrate finally decided to be "at home."

The women demanded that they be fed so he gave each some rice. Then they further demanded that he fix a maximum price for rice in the market and he promised to do what they wished if they would only go. Whether the price be fixed or not yet remains to be seen, but this incident serves to show the situation.

Wheat is yellowing in the fields and the harvest will be on in a week but it is so light that much of it will not be cut. For weeks a series of dry winds mainly from the west has been followed by clouds from the east but ending in no rain. Further west, conditions are even worse. Famine prices are already here and the streets are filling with beggars. North of the river it is said the needy are tearing down their houses to get the wood in them in order to sell it for money to get food. What may we expect to result when Winter comes again? With the world at war who can hear famine pleas? Here are situations demanding practical statesmanship.

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## Giant Vaterland Among German Ships Seized in New York



Twenty-seven German steamships and sailing vessels, aggregating 304,347 gross tonnage, have been seized by Dudley Field Malone, Collector of the Port of New York. Action was taken by the port authorities immediately following the passage by the House of Representatives of the war resolution. Among the vessels seized was the giant Hamburg-American liner Vaterland, the biggest ship in the world. The German sailors and officers were taken to Ellis Island for internment. Collector Malone is shown in the inset.

### PUBLISHERS TO FIGHT COPYRIGHT 'PIRATES'

Test Of Strength To Be Made  
Over Reproduced Edition  
Of Webster's Dictionary

An interesting test of strength between Chinese publishers who violate copyrights and American publishing houses will come in the next few weeks. The test will be over the new Webster's international dictionary.

This question has hung fire in China for some years. Thus far no legal means have been found to curb Chinese publishing firms which print editions of American and European copyrighted works in cheaper editions than the foreign and undersell the Chinese representatives of the foreign publishers. The question has been taken up in the courts and by the legations but no way of dealing with it has been found.

A few weeks ago one of the large Chinese publishers advertised extensively in the Chinese press that it would soon issue an edition of the new Webster dictionary at \$16 a volume, about half as much as the regular price of the dictionary here. The reduction is effected by photographing the pages of the dictionary and reproducing them, copyright being ignored.

Edward Evans and Sons, Ltd., took the matter up. It called to G. and C. Merriam, the American publishers of the dictionary, for a large consignment of the dictionaries to be sold at a price that would undercut the Chinese house. Permission was obtained and announcement is now made by Edward Evans and Sons that the dictionaries are on the way and that they will be sold here at \$15, a price far lower than they can be bought at home. In this way, it is thought, the copyright "pirates" will be caused a loss that will teach them a lesson.

### Chinese Youth Struck By a Fire Engine

Dashes In Path Of Truck Answering An Alarm And Is  
Seriously Hurt

A Chinese youth, Shee Ah-ling, 19 years old, suffered a broken leg and other injuries when he was struck by a fire truck returning from a fire at Szechuen and Foochow Roads last night. The truck was travelling slowly and the boy stepped from the curbing directly into its path, so that the accident was unavoidable, according to bystanders. He was taken to the Shantung Road hospital.

The fire turned out to be merely some blazing shavings and fuel in the contractor's yard before the new Szechuen Road building, now under construction. It had evidently started in the cookhouse of the place and was extinguished in a few minutes.

Two other fires were reported yesterday and Tuesday. A Chinese cigarette shop at A 572 North Fokien Road took fire when an old stove upset yesterday morning. Furniture and a bed were ablaze when Companies No. 2 and No. 7 reached the place, but were soon extinguished.

No. 7 Company turned out for the other fire, reported by Sinza watch-tower but it had evidently been put out before they reached the spot indicated, Shanhai-kwan and Myburgh Roads, and it could not be located.

### Home Rule At Once For 26 Nationalist Counties Is Planned

Optional For Ulster To Join  
Later; Joint Council Of  
Both Sections

(Reuter's Agency War Service)  
London, May 16.—It is stated that the Government's Home Rule scheme is for the immediate establishment of a Parliament in Dublin for the 26 Nationalist counties, excluding the six Ulster counties, with the option of joining later. A National Council will be established, representative of both sections.

### 800 GERMANS DISPOSED OF BY ONE FRENCHMAN

Single-Handed, Machine-Gunner  
Repels Counter-Attack; Re-  
ceives Legion Of Honor

(Reuter's Agency War Service)  
Paris, May 16.—The Legion of Honor has been awarded to a machine-gunner, for holding the enemy in a sap single-handed, repelling a counter-attack and disposing of 800 Germans.

### Maude Reports Dull Month in Mesopotamia

(Reuter's Agency War Service)  
London, May 16.—An official despatch from Mesopotamia reports: Although there have been no important operations this month we have taken 136 prisoners.

### LONDON IS SURPRISED AT FRANCE'S CHANGES

Confident, However, Increased  
Co-operation And Co-ordination Is Object

(Reuter's Agency War Service)  
London, May 16.—The change in the French Command is surprising, as the decree last week defined and enlarged General Petain's powers in the post of Chief of Staff, which he now vacates. Correspondents in Paris emphasize the popularity of General Petain, whose name to the soldiers is synonymous with victory. He met the British War Office authorities during the recent conference in Paris. General Foch, the new Chief of Staff, who had fought by the side of the British since the beginning of the war, recently retired. If there are any changes in the relations of the Allies, they will be in the direction of increasing co-operation and co-ordination.

### Mail Notices

#### MAILS CLOSE

For Japan:—  
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Yawata M. May 19  
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kamo Maru May 20  
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Yashiro M. May 22  
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Omi Maru May 26  
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Chikugo M. May 29  
For U.S., Canada, and Europe:—  
Per T.K.K. s.s. Tenyo Maru May 20  
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kikura M. June 13  
Per T.K.K. s.s. Nippon M. June 14  
For Europe:—  
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Katori M. June 3  
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kamo Maru June 10  
The American mail is due here tomorrow, per O.S.K. s.s. Chicago Maru

### M. MILUKOFF RESIGNS FROM RUSSIAN CABINET

Workers' Council Asks Unity  
With Allies, Confidence Of  
Democracy In Ministry

(Reuter's Agency War Service)  
Petrograd, May 16.—Three cardinal points on which the Government, the Executive Committee of the Duma and the Committee of Soldiers' and Workmen's Delegates are agreed are, firstly, unity of fronts with the Allies; secondly, the full confidence of the revolutionary democracy in the reconstructed Cabinet and, thirdly, the plenitude of the powers of the Government.

M. Milukoff, the Minister for Foreign Affairs, has resigned. London, May 16.—In the House of Commons, this afternoon, Mr. Billings asked whether the Government had any information regarding the fraternizing of German and Russian soldiers. Mr. J. I. Macpherson replied that it had no knowledge, beyond that contained in the official Russian communiqué.

### RELIEF FUND FOR JEWS IN JAFFA OPENED HERE

Appeal Is Made After Receipt  
Of Telegram Telling Of  
Deportation

An appeal for relief for the Jewish community of Jaffa was issued yesterday by the Shanghai Jewish Communal Association through its honorary secretary, Mr. J. E. Salmon. A subscription list has been opened by the association, donations to be sent to the president, Mr. D. M. David, 16A Peking Road.

The appeal followed the receipt of a telegram from Cairo, transmitted by Sir R. Wingate of Cairo to the British Legation at Peking and from there to the British Consulate here, with instructions that it be given to Mr. E. A. Hardoon. The telegram follows:

"During Passover entire Jewish population of Jaffa expelled towards the North. Homes and property sacked. Population in flight, robbed with the connivance of Turkish authorities. Jews resisting pillage hanged. Thousands wandering helplessly on the road, starving, overcrowding colonies, increasing misery and disease. Masses of young Jerusalem Jews deported northwards, destination unknown. forcible evacuation of colonies imminent. British authorities, favor constitution of special local committee to gather funds for relief of Jewish population whose plight is lamentable. Remit funds immediately. Professor Weismann, Manchester, for special committee, c/o General Headquarters, Cairo.

Signed by Jack Mossery, P. Pascal, D. R. Waltz, Alexander.

### Music For Today

The following program will, weather permitting, be played by the Band in the Hongkew Recreation Ground today, beginning at 5.30 p.m.:—  
1. March, "Loyalty" ..... Jones  
2. Overture, "La Dame Blanche" ..... Hoteldieu  
3. Chorus, "Il Bivacco" ..... Petrella  
4. Selection, "Il Corsaro" ..... Verdi  
5. Waltz, "Premier Printemps" ..... Marga  
6. Selection, "Pinafore" ..... Sullivan  
A. de Kryger, Conductor-in-charge.

## ITALIANS OPEN BIG BATTLE WITH 3,375 AUSTRIAN CAPTIVES

Claim Great Victory Over  
25 Miles Of War's Most  
Difficult Front

### ISONZO IS FORCED

Bombres, Zameora and Zagomila, With two Heights  
Are Stormed

### TACKLE MT. SANTO

Already Record Considerable  
Progress; Repulse  
Defenders' Efforts

(Reuter's Agency War Service)  
London, May 16.—Great interest is being taken in the Italian offensive.

A wireless official communiqué reports:—Our vigorous offensive on the Julian front continues resolutely. Our infantry established themselves on the steep wooded heights on the eastern bank of the Isonzo, northward of Gorizia. These had been transformed into a formidable fortified defensive position.

One of the columns of our left wing forced a passage across the river and captured Bombres village. In the center, we captured the heights north-east of Plasta, stormed the villages of Zameora and Zagomila and carried the heights of Monte Cucco and Monte Vodice.

Our right wing made considerable progress on the steep slopes of Monte Santo. Fierce counter-attacks were repulsed.

Eastward of Gorizia, we conquered the strongly fortified heights northward of Tivoli. Insistent counter-attacks were beaten back.

We have taken 3,375 prisoners, of whom 98 are officers, also a mountain battery and much war material.

An Austrian official communiqué issued yesterday reports: After an artillery preparation lasting for three days, the Italians have attacked at numerous points on a front of 25 miles. The battle continues without interruption.

Udine, May 15.—The Italians are advancing on a front of sixty miles, from Tolmino to the sea. The sector Tolmino to Sarcana is undoubtedly the most difficult front in the war. The Tolmino bridge-head is a very formidable fortification, barring the entrance to the valley leading towards Lailbach.

Mount Ku and Mount San Marco, other Austrian strongholds, are respectively 1,600 and 450 feet above the points from which the Italians are attacking.

### Petition on Behalf Of High Procurator

M.Ps. Think Hsu Shih-ying's Arrest  
Justified, In View Of  
Numerous Charges

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press

Peking, May 17.—The Hsu Shih-ying affair has been rather lost sight of in the Cabinet crisis. Nevertheless, a number of Members of Parliament have lodged a strong protest against the punishment of the High Procurator, who has been suspended from office, pending the investigation of the arrest of Hsu Shih-ying.

Those Members of Parliament contend that, in view of the numerous charges of corruption brought against Hsu Shih-ying, the High Procurator was only carrying out his duty in ordering his arrest, while, on the other hand, the Government has shown a distinct partiality in the case.

### The Weather

Fine weather, with moderate and variable breezes. The maximum temperature recorded yesterday was 84.9 and the minimum 54.3, the figures for the corresponding day last year being respectively 81.1 and 63.1.



## MYSTERIOUS MEN SOW OPUM OVER N. KIANGSU

Fourteen Arrested; Seed Scattered Broadcast Over  
Whole Province

MIGHT HAVE BEEN BLUFF

Possibly Scheme To Hoodwink  
British Inspector; If So It  
Didn't Succeed

Special Correspondence of the China Press

Suzhou, N. Kiangsu, May 12.—Considerable excitement has been stirred up here in the last two days by the arrest of men charged with scattering opium seed all over this country. There are fourteen men being examined in the yamen. Rumors of all sorts are rife. So far no definite information has been gotten as to the real instigator of the seed sowing campaign.

Those who have been seen sowing the seed are reported as giving the most varied accounts of the reason for their action. Some of them have gone so far as to say that the Protestants are paying them to scatter the seed, some of them say the Catholics, some of them say the Opium Combine, some say the British Government, some of them have told the people that they are in the pay of certain individual foreigners, and some of them claim that some men from Shanghai whom they do not know are paying them big money to go all over the country putting out the seed.

All this is rumor, so far as the source of the evil is concerned; but it is a fact that the country is full of these seed-scatterers, and that so far the magistrate has not been able to get those who have been arrested to divulge the real prosecutors of the scheme.

From the number of the men engaged in the seed-scattering business here, and from the reports that come from Hsichow, Tsinghsienpu, and Tao Yuen, there must be hundreds of men employed by the real trouble makers. Most of the men who have been caught on the job and arrested have been beggars or of that class. They must be well paid for they take a tremendous risk when they start any trouble like that when the country is practically in a famine condition. There has been no rain here practically all since the last snow of the winter, and the prospect is that there will be hardly any grain harvested this summer.

The people are almost frantic over the prospect and, as is always the case in such times, the least little thing may be used to start a mob. A mob movement is much more easily started in this country than it is stopped, as the magistrate well knows; consequently those who have been arrested may fare badly before they get out. The magistrate has already posted a big notice to the effect that the rumors that the Protestant Church had started this seed-business are wholly false and pernicious, stating positively that instead of helping the opium traffic the Protestants have always given all the help they could in getting rid of it. He also forbids the circulation of all such rumors on the penalty of heavy punishment.

The occasion for all the seed sowing activity seems to be the coming of the representative of the British Government on an opium inspection tour through this section just a few days ago. So far as we can tell this country is completely clear of opium now, and has been for some time; and from all accounts, the inspector didn't find anything around here to arouse his suspicion.

The most remarkable feature of this whole episode is the kind of seed that these agents are sowing and the time of year that they are doing it. The seed are not even fifty-first cousins of opium seed, in fact they are comparatively large black seed somewhat similar to the seed of a weed much used for making rope. The seed is also very much like certain vegetable seed that are in common use here. Some of the people who have noted that fact have gone out in their gardens and pulled up some of their best vegetables for fear of being suspected of having something to do with the affair in question.

The people here know opium seed, because it used to be grown here in comparatively large quantities, so it is most extraordinary that these men should have brought in such seed as they have, trying to palm them off for opium seed. The people say that the men claim that the seed are foreign

## SMUTS ADVOCATES KING FOR NATIONAL SECURITY

Cannot Make Republic, He Says,  
Because Would Want Pres-  
idents Of All Units

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, May 16.—General Smuts was the guest of honor at a banquet given yesterday evening by the Members of the House of Lords and the House of Commons in the Royal Gallery of the House of Lords. Field Marshal Lord French presided.

In the course of his speech General Smuts said that the spirit of comradeship which had grown up on the battlefields of Europe would be more powerful than any instrument of Government they could invent. The Commonwealth would go to pieces if its world-wide communications were not maintained. Germany during the last thirty years settled everywhere along those communications and the day would have come when the Empire would have been jeopardized by the cutting of its communications. Now the world outside Europe has been cleared of the enemy and the British, almost by an act of Providence, have been brought to a position where they can consider their future problem as a whole.

He hoped that when the time of settlement came they would remember not only Central Europe but the whole British Empire. He did not wish the Empire to have fought in vain. They had not fought for material gain and not for territory, but for future security, but the difficult question of their future constitutional relations and their readjustment within the Empire remained.

They were not an Empire in the German sense, but a system of nations almost sovereign, almost independent; rather a Commonwealth than an Empire. Its future Government was an entirely new problem. The system of the United States would not work and they did not want to standardize the nations of the Empire. The only solution was freedom and self-government.

There were two potent factors on which they must rely. Firstly their hereditary kingship. "You cannot make a republic of this country of British Commonwealth nations because you would have to elect a President not merely here but everywhere in the Empire, in India, and in the Dominions, and here you are confronted with an absolutely insoluble problem. Let us be thankful for the merces that we have a kingship which is really not very different from an hereditary Republic. I should not be surprised if the time came when the Princes of the Royal Family, instead of getting consoling from the principles of Europe, will seek consoling in the outlying portions of the Empire."

After commenting on the present system of Imperial Conferences as not being completely successful, General Smuts suggested convoking the most important Rulers of the Empire once a year to lay down a common policy. "Diplomatic finesse is not understood in the Dominions and if our foreign policy is going to rest on the whole Empire, it must be more simple, more intelligible and more noble."

Despite the supremacy of the Imperial Parliament which would always be a senior partner, it might be said that an hereditary kingship and a common Council at the head of affairs would not be sufficient to keep the whole system together. He disagreed with that view. (Cheers). "If we are true to our traditions we shall exercise a far greater and more beneficent influence on the history of mankind than ever. It will depend largely on us whether in the present struggle a great prize will be achieved or whether the world will again be plunged in disaster. The prize is in our grasp if we have the strength of soul to see the thing through without fighting."

General Smuts received a remarkable ovation after his speech. After the cheering had subsided, Mr. Asquith, Mr. A. Bonar Law, Lord Selborne, the Marquis of Crewe, Lord Haldane, the Speaker and many others individually congratulated him. His speech is hailed everywhere as timely and statesmanlike and likely to profoundly influence all future consideration of the Imperial problem.

General Tanaka, the Second Chief of General Staff of Japan, and his suite, arrived at Pukow by a special train on Wednesday and entered Nanking. The Chinese authorities sent two companies of the Chinese troops to be a guard of honor as well as a military band to the railway station and gave him a sincere welcome to Nanking.

## War Vote Is Not On the Agenda

(Continued from Page 1)

scene, but are resolved to furnish you whatever assistance we can to back you up. Please advise us the present conditions in the province."

Another telegram was sent by the same organization Wednesday to the Acting Military Governor of Szechuen, Tai Kan. It reads as follows:—"We have learned through the press that General Yin Chen-nih and his regiment have become rebellious and the Yunnanese troops have again penetrated South Szechuen. It is feared that the soldiers under General Lo-Pei-kin and Lu Chen-hua will be misled."

We distant members of the province, are terrified at the news. All we hope now is that you, as Civil Governor as well as Tsuchen of the province, will execute your duties impartially and exercise your power judiciously. Upon your actions will depend the life and death of the people. Kindly inform us of the recent developments."

Military Governor Tai Kan of Szechuen, and Wang Jen-wen, special commissioner to investigate the Chengtu trouble, have both wired the Government for funds for relief work in the province.

## Mary Pickford in 'Rags'

An appreciative audience last night saw Mary Pickford for the first time in Shanghai. She appeared in the Paramount film, "Rags," at the Apollo Theater. "Rags" is a dramatic story which holds interest to the last flicker, but more important was the acting of Mary Pickford herself, who, from the impression made on last night's audience, promises to become as popular in Shanghai as she is throughout the United States.

## GEN. TANAKA IN NANKING

Leutenant-General Tanaka, the Second Chief of General Staff of Japan, and his suite, arrived at Pukow by a special train on Wednesday and entered Nanking. The Chinese authorities sent two companies of the Chinese troops to be a guard of honor as well as a military band to the railway station and gave him a sincere welcome to Nanking.

## Closer Co-operation Urged Between China And Japan

More Friendly Attitude Is Plesen Policy of Tokio,  
Says Mr. Lindsay Russell

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## Closer Co-operation Urged Between China And Japan

More Friendly Attitude Is Plesen Policy of Tokio,  
Says Mr. Lindsay Russell

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, May 16.—General Smuts was the guest of honor at a banquet given yesterday evening by the Members of the House of Lords and the House of Commons in the Royal Gallery of the House of Lords. Field Marshal Lord French presided.

In the course of his speech General Smuts said that the spirit of comradeship which had grown up on the battlefields of Europe would be more powerful than any instrument of Government they could invent. The Commonwealth would go to pieces if its world-wide communications were not maintained. Germany during the last thirty years settled everywhere along those communications and the day would have come when the Empire would have been jeopardized by the cutting of its communications. Now the world outside Europe has been cleared of the enemy and the British, almost by an act of Providence, have been brought to a position where they can consider their future problem as a whole.

He hoped that when the time of settlement came they would remember not only Central Europe but the whole British Empire. He did not wish the Empire to have fought in vain. They had not fought for material gain and not for territory, but for future security, but the difficult question of their future constitutional relations and their readjustment within the Empire remained.

They were not an Empire in the German sense, but a system of nations almost sovereign, almost independent; rather a Commonwealth than an Empire. Its future Government was an entirely new problem. The system of the United States would not work and they did not want to standardize the nations of the Empire. The only solution was freedom and self-government.

There were two potent factors on which they must rely. Firstly their hereditary kingship. "You cannot make a republic of this country of British Commonwealth nations because you would have to elect a President not merely here but everywhere in the Empire, in India, and in the Dominions, and here you are confronted with an absolutely insoluble problem. Let us be thankful for the merces that we have a kingship which is really not very different from an hereditary Republic. I should not be surprised if the time came when the Princes of the Royal Family, instead of getting consoling from the principles of Europe, will seek consoling in the outlying portions of the Empire."

After commenting on the present system of Imperial Conferences as not being completely successful, General Smuts suggested convoking the most important Rulers of the Empire once a year to lay down a common policy. "Diplomatic finesse is not understood in the Dominions and if our foreign policy is going to rest on the whole Empire, it must be more simple, more intelligible and more noble."

Despite the supremacy of the Imperial Parliament which would always be a senior partner, it might be said that an hereditary kingship and a common Council at the head of affairs would not be sufficient to keep the whole system together. He disagreed with that view. (Cheers). "If we are true to our traditions we shall exercise a far greater and more beneficent influence on the history of mankind than ever. It will depend largely on us whether in the present struggle a great prize will be achieved or whether the world will again be plunged in disaster. The prize is in our grasp if we have the strength of soul to see the thing through without fighting."

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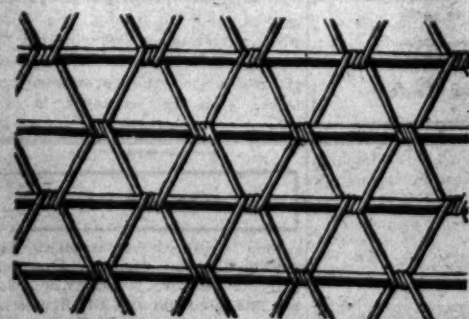
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## ENORMOUS RESOURCES OF AMERICA IN WAR

### Summary of Achievements in Naval, Military, and Industrial Preparation

#### NAVY READY FOR ACTION

#### Army Also Improved; 32,000 Companies Offer Plants; Financial Bulwarks

Washington, April 5.—Actual and potential resources which, all told, probably never have been equaled by those of any other nation in the history of the world, are brought into the great war under the American flag.

Into the balance against Germany are thrown a navy in strength and efficiency among the foremost, an army comparatively small but highly efficient, backed by a citizenry of upward of 29,000,000 capable of military duty, industrial resources incomparably the greatest in the world, already mobilized for public service, and the moral force of more than 100,000,000 Americans awakened to their country's peril and united behind their President with a patriotic fervor rekindling the spirit of war.

Although much remains to be done, officials believe the nation's destinies are secure now, no matter how stubborn or prolonged the pressure of German militarism or how wide the scope of German intrigue. The slowly maturing preparedness sentiment has borne fruit in military, naval, and industrial measures which already have put the United States on a defense basis not even hoped for two years ago. What more it will do, the President believes, can be measured only by what the Administration finds will be necessary.

The navy, always the first line of defense, has cleared its decks of antiquated incumbrances, has added new units modernized to meet the German tactics, and through the patriotic co-operation of ship and material makers is hurrying to completion other mighty fighting craft that will be the last word in power and efficiency. Authorized but ten days ago to recruit to the full war strength of 87,000 men, the navy already has almost attained the total. To provide additional officers a class of midshipmen has been graduated three months ahead of its time. A newly organized coast patrol of submarine chasers is on duty, and hundreds of small craft to augment it are under construction.

#### Army Waits on Congress

Army preparations are less complete because of the uncertainty over what Congress will authorize for that branch of the service. The regulars, numbering nearly 120,000 and trained and equipped in a way which their officers believe matches unit for unit the boasted efficiency of Germany's best, are ready to respond overnight to whatever call may come. The National Guard, 150,000 strong and hardened by months of service at the border, already has many units in active service for police duty throughout the country and can be fully mobilized on short notice. Without additional authorization by Congress the regulars and guardsmen could be recruited to a combined strength of 700,000, and detailed plans for whatever larger army may be authorized have been prepared, and great quantities of equipment for it purchased.

Industrial preparations, thanks of lessons of the war and the patriotic attitude of industry, have produced a great, compact scheme of national resources with almost unlimited possibilities. The Council of National Defense, in daily conferences with the nation's leading financial, commercial, scientific, and labor chiefs, not only has worked out a definite and detailed industrial mobilization plan, but has secured the endorsement and pledges of the men who can put it into effect at a moment's notice, bringing to the aid of the military arm of the service the full resources of the richest nation, organized with characteristic Yankee skill and business thoroughness.

For military reasons only a small part of the details of these preparations has been permitted to reach the public. It is known, however, that for many months the Government has considered war more than a possibility, and has strained every resource to make ready. In the tense waiting period, since relations were broken, the President, while hoping fervently that hostilities could be avoided, has kept the whole machinery of the Government in motion day and night to prepare against eventualities. To any close observer at the capital it now is apparent that Germany again has miscalculated if she thought to find the United States hopelessly impotent and unprepared.

#### Shipyards in Nation's Service

The Navy Department, in order to complete in record time the enormous building program authorized by Congress, has enlisted in the public service virtually the entire shipbuilding facilities of the country; surveys have been made of merchant craft that would be available as auxiliaries in war time, and guns have been placed on many of them; plans are complete for immediately taking over into the naval establishment the sturdy cutters of the Coast Guard Service, more than a score of steamers equipped for mine laying and belonging to the Light-

## Paul Dufault and Miss Bindley in New Program Tonight

Tonight at the Olympic Theater, the French-Canadian tenor, M. Paul Dufault, assisted by Miss Pauline Bindley and Mr. Ernest Simpson, will present a new program of great attractiveness. Owing to numerous requests received for a repetition of the aria from the "Prodigal Son," M. Dufault will repeat this beautiful solo tonight. The tenor will also, as is his custom, introduce a number of new songs. His first group is probably all new to Shanghai. It comprises an old English song called "Have you Seen but a Whyte Lillie Grow?" a French song whose title (translated) is "If my Song had Wings" and a new song by Sydney Homer, "Shine to me, Shine." The duet of the evening is a new one by Nicolai, called "L'Addio." Miss Bindley will sing an aria from "La Traviata" and several new ballads. Mr. Simpson's piano selections include Chopin's Ballade in A Flat. The booking is at Moutrie's.



Miss Pauline Bindley

house Service, and the scientifically fitted vessels of the Bureau of Fisheries and the Coast and Geodetic Survey.

In order to expedite naval construction more than \$100,000,000 authorized by the last Congress is being spent in naval and private shipyards. The eight-hour labor regulation, as applying to naval work, has been suspended, by order of the President, and various agencies are helping insure an adequate supply of skilled and unskilled labor. Builders have laid aside private work, on which profits amount to as much as 50 per cent, to give precedence to navy work on a basis of cost plus 10 per cent profit.

Detailed plans have been worked out through months of study by a special naval board for redesigning the whole system of naval bases. Recommendations are before Congress, and as soon as authorization is given the establishment of new bases and the enlargement of existing ones can begin. Around some of the bases and other strategic coast points great steel submarine nets have been swung, and contracts have been awarded for 1,000 more nets, each 1,050 feet in length.

In addition to the 183 midshipmen commissioned ahead of time, another class of more than 200 will be graduated at Annapolis in September. For the first time clerical and other shore positions in the navy have been opened to women, and recruiting stations have been unable to handle the flood of applications of men and women which has followed Secretary Daniels' call for recruits. There is a boom in recruiting for the Marine Corps, too, which has been raised to an authorized war strength of 17,400, and soon is to be further increased. Passage of the war resolution is the signal for mobilization of 15,000 naval militiamen and reserves to support the regulars.

#### The Mosquito Fleet

For the coast patrol of submarine chasers hundreds of contracts have been let and many other small craft have been offered by private owners. So far has the organization of the mosquito fleet progressed that more than a score of bases have been established along the Atlantic and Gulf Coasts, and a senior officer has been detached to command this new navy unit. The vessels, ranging up to a length of 110 feet and armed with guns large enough to sink the largest submarine, will be officered in many cases by their former owners, who have volunteered in large numbers to bring both their boats and their personal services to the navy. Secretary Daniels hopes within a short period to have at least 2,000 such boats in operation, and should the facilities for their construction or for the building of other naval craft prove inadequate, plans are ready to commandeer private shipyards under the authorization of Congress.

The army, whose great need is trained men and officers, is employing unusual means to prepare for the organization and training of any force Congress may authorize. Hundreds of applications for commissions in the Officers' Reserve Corps are being accepted, and for the grade of Second Lieutenant the bars have been let down to men who never have had military training. More comprehensive plans than ever have been drawn for training camps for fitting these officers and others for duty. Units of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps have been established in many colleges, where thousands of students are under training, and enlisted men who could take commands have been designated for commissions from every regiment of

regulars. Graduation on April 20 of the June class at West Point has been ordered by Secretary Baker.

For increasing the enlisted strength, a vigorous recruiting campaign is under way with the co-operation of other branches of the Government, including postal officials throughout the country and many patriotic societies. To decentralize the military organizations, the United States has been divided into six military districts, instead of four, with two extra departments added to the Atlantic Coast.

#### Factories Busy on Supplies

In the matter of supplies the army is well provided. With rifles and other equipment for a vast army already on hand, enormous contracts have been placed by the Quartermaster's Department, and the contracts are elastic so that other millions can be spent as soon as appropriated. Clothing manufacturers have united in expediting the making of uniforms, as have other industrial concerns in providing quickly other necessary material. To meet a difficulty due to failure of the annual army appropriation bill, the Federal Reserve Board came to the aid of the War Department, ordering Reserve Banks to discount the Quartermaster General's pay warrants at current commercial rates.

Much of the new equipment will go to the National Guard, which is being recruited rapidly and otherwise made ready for service. In several States the Governors have called for volunteers to bring the guard units up to maximum strength. The Adjutant General of all the States have been ordered to make every preparation for quick mobilization of the State forces.

For the first time the organization of small detached units of this branch of the military has been authorized for the benefit of rural communities.

The plans for army expansion prepared by the General Staff are considered complete in every detail, regardless of what sort of expansion may be authorized. Universal service is the method favored, and as a result of months of study on a universal service scheme everything is ready to make it effective. Machinery for a volunteer army of 500,000 or 1,000,000 has been provided, however, for immediate use should that method be chosen, or the staff is ready to go ahead as best it can with the present regular and National Guard system. Knowing the uncertainties of Congressional action, the Staff has overlooked no alternatives.

The work of the National Defense Council in co-ordinating all defense measures not strictly military or naval has been regarded by officials as quite as important as any other task of preparedness. The council is composed of a majority of the Cabinet members, and it has an advisory commission of seven leaders in the seven fields on which the nation would draw most

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heavily in war—transportation, labor, munitions, raw materials, medicine, supplies, and science and research. Since the council was organized last Fall it has held many meetings with its commission and has heard the advice of the best experts in each of these fields. Each of the seven commissioners has organized a committee to take care of the preparations in a particular field. The resulting mobilization plan is said to be one of the most complete worked out in any country.

#### Land and Sea Transportation

In the co-ordination plan transportation has been considered one of the most important factors. The need for facile resources to move troops and supplies is particularly imperative, because the United States has no railroads built on a military plan and strictly for strategic purposes. This has been remedied, however, by an agreement among the roads to operate as a unit in war time, and to virtually put themselves and their working forces under Government orders. The road officials, under the plan, are to continue in their present offices and perform their present duties, but they are to become in fact, if not actually in name, Government officials. The plan, worked out for the Defense Council by Daniel E. Willard, President of the Baltimore and Ohio, has the endorsement of the American Railway Association, which has undertaken to organize a unit of railway officials to look after the specific needs of each of the six military departments.

As to transportation on the sea, aside from the military preparations of a wide scope have been made. By a proclamation early in February President Wilson prohibited the transfer of American merchantmen to foreign flags. In conferences with builders the Federal Shipping Board has mapped out a plan for construction of many wooden ships of 3,000 tons and upward, which could do great service in the important work of breaking down the German submarine campaign and carrying food and supplies to the Allies. They can be built in a short time.

The shipping board also is seeing to it that every available merchantman not needed by the navy does its share for the public service, and with this end in view has made a survey of all the nation's shipping resources. To the same end the War Risk Insurance Bureau recently extended protection to all classes of goods listed as contraband by the European belligerents, except actual war munitions. Even more complete is the mobilization of labor resources. The American Federation of Labor has undertaken to furnish trained workmen for any Government or public service. Unskilled labor is to be provided by the Public Employment Service of the Labor Department, which is working through more than eighty branches throughout the country. The Post Office Department will do the necessary advertising, and the 3,000 local boards of the Civil Service Commission and the field forces of the Immigration Bureau, the Naturalization Bureau, and the Bureau of Labor Statistics will lend their active aid. The organization of this vast work is proceeding under the direction of Samuel Gompers of the American Federation, a member of the Defense Council's Advisory Commission.

#### Munitions and Raw Materials

In the field of munitions production pledges have been secured from the great plants which have been supplying the Allies, and a thorough co-ordination system has been perfected. In addition, manufacturing concerns everywhere now engaged in other industries have been surveyed and informed just what changes would be necessary to transform their machinery for munition making. The council has had advantage of the experience of many experts, including E. R. Stettinius, who has charge of the enormous munition business done in this country by the Allies through J. P. Morgan and Co.

A thorough canvass has been made of the country's wealth of raw materials available for military use. Copper manufacturers have agreed to supply the army's need of that product for the next year at 16 and a fraction cents a pound, or about half the present market price. Steel companies have indicated a willingness to aid in a similar manner, and many other industries have offered to do their bit in any way the Federal Government may require.

No less than 22,000 companies have offered to turn over their plants

to the Government. (Continued on Page 4)

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## Enormous Resources Of America in War

(Continued from Page 3)

entirely to the President in war, and among them are the great establishment of Henry Ford, the Bethlehem Steel Company, the United States Steel Company, the Fore River Shipbuilding Company, and the United States Rubber Company. The General Electric Company is willing to give its extensive research laboratory to the Naval Consulting Board and the Mexican Petroleum Company has offered five tank steamers and 5,000,000 gallons of fuel oil.

Any who may fail to meet the Government's requirements at reasonable prices will face prosecution and seizure of the plants, under authority granted to the President under the National Defense Act and the last Naval Appropriation bill.

### Problem of The Food Supply

The question of a food supply is another which has occupied a large place in the preparedness considerations. Although the Department of Agriculture believes the country not only can continue to be self-sustaining, but can send great quantities of foodstuffs to the Allies, it is realized that the advent of war calls for a retrenchment from the production and consumption basis on which the nation has placed itself during the recent years of prosperity.

Secretary Houston has appealed to the farmers to increase production, to eliminate waste, and to conserve all surplus. Assistant Secretary Vrooman has conferred with agricultural and industrial interests in an effort to secure such crop diversification and conservation as will make each section self-supporting when the need comes to use transportation facilities for the military. The department also is co-operating in many campaigns being waged along these lines by private organizations, including that of the Emergency Food Garden Commission for utilization of all waste city lots for gardening.

So far as finances are concerned, officials believe there is little to be feared. One Treasury authority has estimated that the United States now can withstand eight times the strain under which it labored during the panic of 1907. To put the national and private banks and other concerns on a sound economic basis the Reserve Board has taken many precautions, its preparations even including the printing of a great quantity of reserve notes, which now are ready to be put into circulation if the need comes. For the first time in history the gold bullion held in Treasury vaults recently passed the \$3,000,000,000 mark.

### Half Million Spy Watchers

No small place in the preparedness plans has been occupied by precautionary measures against the activities of foreign agents. With the discovery of German plots in this country early in the war the Department of Justice greatly strengthened the facilities of its investigation bureau. In the months that have elapsed since then, with their ever-increasing revelations, climaxing in the disclosure of the intrigue to embroil Mexico and Japan in war against the United States, the department's preparations have gone steadily forward to an ever-broadening scale.

Aid has been sought of other Government departments in the ferreting out of German machinations, and with the approach of actual hostilities more than a half million Government employees throughout the country were called upon to be on the alert for suspicious activities. In the great army thus enlisted for spy detection are the postmasters, postal inspectors, and letter carriers the country over, and the field forces of the Department of Agriculture, the Internal Revenue Bureau, the Customs Bureau, the Federal Trade Commission, the Interstate Commerce Commission, and the Immigration Bureau. In addition, Governors, Mayors, and other local officials have been appealed to, and hundreds of municipalities and many States have pledged the services of their employees. To cope with one of the most familiar forms of disloyalty the National Board of Fire Underwriters

## Mary Baker Eddy Memorial



The memorial to Mary Baker Eddy, the discoverer and founder of Christian Science, erected in Mt. Auburn Cemetery at Cambridge, Mass., was turned over to The Christian Science Board of Directors by Albert S. Barlow of New York, who had charge of its construction, on March 24. Over a year and a half has been required to complete it. Christian Scientists throughout the world have contributed, as expressions of sentiment, the entire cost of over \$150,000.

The memorial is of Bethel white granite and consists of an open circular colonnade of eight columns fifteen feet in height surmounted by a cornice and cresting. The space inside the colonnade is to be filled with growing flowers. The columns rest on a stylobate of three steps, which also rest, at one side, on a broad platform of Pompeian pink granite and, at the other, which is about five feet lower, on a double flight of circular steps. These are flanked on each side by a large pylon. The pylons were exhibited a short time ago at the American Institute of Architecture in New York, and were pronounced by several experts to be the finest pieces of carved granite ever executed. The detail is elaborated to an extent never before attempted in granite; some of the

has placed at the disposal of the Defense Council detailed information as to the facilities for meeting any campaign of incendiarism.

### Edison's Mysterious Experiments

The extent to which science has come to the aid of the Government, providing new means of warfare and systematizing the naval and military establishments, will not become apparent until there are actual hostilities. Since Secretary Daniels organized the Naval Consulting Board months ago important experiments have been under way in the interest of national defense, and it is known that recently Thomas A. Edison has personally given much attention to secret tests of a nature carefully guarded.

The Intercollegiate Intelligence Bureau, headed by Dean McChellan of the University of Pennsylvania, is enrolling trained technical experts from among the alumni of American scientific schools, and the Bureau of Mines, with the co-operation of the American Institute of Mining Engineers and the American Chemical Society, is conducting a census of experts in every technical line who could serve their country, as German science has served behind the fighting lines in Europe. Relief plans, worked out in the light of the lessons of the present war, have

reached a maturity which officials believe will guarantee against any recurrence of the blunders of the Spanish war, when more men died from improper care than from wounds.

As an important part of this work, a special committee of the Defense Council has prepared a scheme for standardizing medical and surgical supplies, in co-operation with the manufacturers and after consultation with such authorities as Dr. Alexis Carrel, who directed laboratory work for the French Army, and Herbert C. Hoover, Director of the Belgian Relief Committee.

The Red Cross is prepared at short notice, its officials say, to establish hospital bases to care for an army of a million men. The Bureau of Mines has opened its first-aid course to thousands of wives and daughters of miners. The Preparedness League of American Dentists has enrolled 20,000 dentists for public service and has offered to aid recruiting for the army and navy by preparing applicants to pass the dental examination. With the aid of Sir Herbert B. Amor's and the aid of the Canadian Patriotic Fund, the Navy League is organizing a fund of \$10,000,000 for the families of naval volunteers.

Patriotic Officers Comprehensive. In the long list of patriotic offers, accumulating to a maximum which has astonished officials, apparently no line of effort valuable to the nation in war time has been omitted. Theodore N. Vall of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, has assured the Defense Council that the wire facilities of the country are at the Government's service, and plans are ready for taking them over. Rear Admiral Peary has offered the services of the National Aerial Coast Patrol Commission, the Aero Club of America its equipped station at Port Washington, and the leading ship manufacturers their co-operation in hastening construction of army and navy planes and dirigibles. The National Foreign Trade Council and the Chamber of Commerce of the United States are helping co-ordinate commercial resources for defense, and the Associated Advertising Clubs, the Advertising Agents, and the National Advertisers' Association are aiding in Government advertising in the recruiting campaign.

From nine leading women's colleges has come a united pledge of public service. The National Woman Suffrage Association is organizing clubs to train women in agricultural work, to provide employment and teach loyalty to immigrants. Women who can take the places of men in factories and other industries are being enrolled by the National League for Woman's Service and the National Council of Women, which embrace in their membership the National Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage, the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, the General Federation of Women's Clubs, the Congress of Mothers, and many similar societies.

Both the League to Enforce Peace and the American Peace Society have lined up behind the President. In every State an active campaign to aid recruiting is being carried on by the National Committee of Patriotic Societies, whose membership includes

## Wilson Like Lincoln, Says An Oxford Poet

"Lincoln: Wilson" is the title of the following poem by Dr. R. W. Macan, Master of the University College of Oxford, published in the London Times:

LINCOLN: WILSON.  
The spirit of Abraham Lincoln is not dead—  
The man who freed the slaves and saved the state—  
It marshals, like a holy, guiding fate,  
A man of modern mould, and college-bred;  
And Wilson says what Lincoln might have said,  
And does, as Lincoln did, just not too late;  
The people's minds asked time to educate,  
Then followed where their chosen Captain led.  
The causes were the same in essence then  
As now; but only set Democracy  
And Union over against the Satanism  
Of Prussia, Prussia's feud with Liberty,  
Prussia's ambition, Prussia's worldwide schism,  
Wilson's are Lincoln's words to living men.

the Daughters of the American Revolution, the National Civic Association, the Boy Scouts of America, the Army League, and the Navy League.

From the Governors of most of the States have come fullest assurances of State aid. New York and other States are conducting definite State mobilization operations. Massachusetts is among the States which have made large individual defense appropriations. At mass meetings everywhere the large and small communities have prepared to do their bit and have pledged what they have to the President. The patriotic awakening has swept every corner of the nation, stirring alike the patriarchal, red man who has sent his terse assurance of allegiance, and the alien immigrant, who has besieged the naturalization offices with a new eagerness to become an American.

It is this awakening of Americanism which the President has told his friends and advisers he prizes above all the many other assets of national defense.

Mr. Swartwout designed the new Missouri State capitol and the new Federal Building in Denver, and recently won the competition for the new George Washington memorial.

All that now remains to be done to complete the memorial to Mrs. Eddy is the planting for the landscape, which is to consist chiefly of some evergreen plants that will preserve their form and leaves throughout the year, and some cedars and rhododendrons.

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## Oh, Say, Can You See --Arkansaw Style

Will That German Flag Still Be Flying By The Dawn's Early Light?

Little Rock, Ark., April 7.—Exalted and indignant citizens of the little town of Collegeville, near this city have spent the greater part of this fine day in vain efforts to find somebody who will haul down a German flag which George Hufman, hoisted last night over his home.

Their first appeal was to the Governor of Arkansas, and was satisfactory as far as it went. The Governor, immediately upon hearing the news, also manifested righteous indignation, and ordered Col. James of the First Arkansas Infantry to detail a squad of men to haul down the offending emblem.

But Col. James answered that, having been mustered into the Federal service, he took orders only from Gen. Pershing, and he refused to send his men on such an errand. Then an appeal was made to the local United States Marshal, but he said he did not even know officially that war with Germany existed, and that he had received no orders under President Wilson's proclamation to go around hauling down flags for people.

At a late hour tonight the German flag was still flying in Collegeville, and its citizens were still holding indignation meetings.

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" 100	4	100	80	50	60	20	10
" 100	6	150	120	75	90	30	15
" 100	8	200	160	100	120	40	20
" 100	10	250	200	125	150	50	25
" 100	12	300	240	150	180	60	30
" 100	15	375	300	187	225	75	37
" 100	20	500	400	250	300	100	50



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line receive prompt and careful attention.

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## SINGER'S SONS FIGHT FOR TWO COUNTRIES

Chicago, April 7.—Mme. Schumann-Heink, the famous singer, faces grief in America's war with Germany such as confronts few persons. Four of her sons are or may be in the conflict.

Henry is in the United States Navy, August in the Germany Navy, Walter in the New Jersey National Guard and George Washington a student at the Colver Military Academy, with orders to get ready.

"What can I say?" she said. "What can any mother say? O, I love America. It is my home, my country, but I love Germany too."

"My boys soon may be shooting each other. O, those people who make war—all of them, all nationalities, all kinds—I hate them."

The singer showed a beautiful brooch with an eagle set in the center, a gift from Mrs. Woodrow Wilson. It was accompanied by a note of thanks. And as she looked upon the trinket Mme. Schumann-Heink sobbed.

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## Record Number of Entries For Ladies' Prize Competition, S.R.A.

The following is the result of the draw for the Ladies' Prize for the Ladies and Champions competition in the annual meeting of the S.R.A. Altogether 183 entries were received (43 more than last year) and the committee have increased the number of prizes to 14. The competition will be on even terms, as "B" class will be allowed 3 points, "C" 5 points and "D" 7 points on the aggregate score for three ranges, 200, 500 and 600 yards (possible score 105).

CHAMPIONS	FIRST LADIES	SECOND LADIES
<b>'A' Class</b>		
Bell, J. G.	Mrs. Aiers, A. A.	Mrs. Fernandes, H.
Blagden, A. H.	Miss Monk, C. M.	—
Collaco, A. M.	Chio San	—
Crichton, A. C.	Mrs. Skuse	Mrs. Thomson, J. C.
Davis, A. C.	Britton, T. C.	Parkin, W. R.
Hykes, R. K.	Miss Anderson, M.	Reid E. Mortimer
Ibert, O. L.	Mrs. Yoshida, S.	Onshima, T.
Kodaira, H.	When, L. R.	Davis, A. C.
Lancaster, W. O.	Hykes, J. R.	Coulton
Macbeth, J.	Timmins, M. J.	Diniz, A. F.
McAllister, D.	Hykes, J. R.	Remedios Lydia
Monk, W. J.	Miss Todd, Jennie	Ibert, G. M.
Pennywit, J.	Mrs. Concoff	Miss Terrill, N.
Rose, W. T.	Kodaira, H.	Patrick Bobbie
Rutherford, C. H.	Miss Woodward Ruby	Mrs. Gidley, S. M.
Sauer, W. E.	Mrs. Carneiro, R. P.	Harvey, W. H.
Swan, A. H.	Miss Green, P.	Patrick, H. C.
Takata, P.	Mrs. Howe Lucille	Miss Onshima, T.
Terrill, W. J.	Mrs. Lynch, E. H.	Mrs. Hiri, Uneke
Thomson, C. E. M.	Beck, C. A.	Miss Shirasi, H.
Woo, B. Y.	Yoshida, S.	Mrs. Reyden
<b>'B' Class</b>		
Armstrong, G.	Mrs. Sullivan Hilda	Miss Green, F.
Ashley, G. F.	Terrell, W. J.	Mrs. Brown, A. J.
Blackwood, W. H.	Yoshida, S.	Morgan, J.
Britton, T. C.	Miss Todd-Winnie	Disseiduff
Cameron, J. E.	Carnelro, L.	Sull'van Hilda
Chapman, B. E.	Miller, H.	Ritchie, R.
Clifford, W. C. G.	Wade Lancel	Yoshida
Cornish, A. C.	Mrs. Clifford, C. W.	Mita, S.
Goffrey, E. W.	Tomaki, K.	Ramsey, W. G.
Gow, D.	Shay John	Christensen
Hodges, F. E.	Bedoni, C.	Stormes, G. B.
Howe, E. K.	Miss Smith, L.	—
Kemp, G. S. Foster	Mrs. Watanabe, Y.	Mrs. Cameron, J. E.
Lockyer, A. E.	Gates, P.	McKelvie, K.
Marsh, P.	Murch, A. S.	Reytagh, E. F.
McKelvie, K.	Noble, J.	Lambert, H. W.
Mav, E. A. G.	Morgan, J.	Tuxford, J.
Nagatke, T.	Miss Bridges	Hughes, L. J.
Reid, E. Mortimer	Victor Berta	Marques, F. M.
Roberts, R. P.	Sherman	Beck
Robinson, Hugh	Mrs. Mather, F. A.	Mrs. Jones Frank
Sinclair, J.	Silva, A. Caldas	Fujii, T.
Smith, W. G.	Bladgen, A. H.	—
Stormes, G. B.	Miss Chio San	Mrs. Marshall, J. G.
Sullivan, P. D.	Mrs. Brooke	Featherstonhaugh, C.
Thomson, G. A.	Miss Johanson	Miss Remedios Lilla
Vaughan, F. F.	Collaco Bertha	Mrs. Kemp G. S. Foster
Waddell, J.	Mrs. Hughes, L. J.	Houfe, W. W.
Watson, W. B.	Bartolini	Miss Morton
Wilson, E. O.	Takakawa, C.	Mrs. Cameron, J. E.
Wise, S.	Miss Kodaira, C.	Nile
Woo, G. Y.	Mrs. Barradas, C.	—
<b>'C' Class</b>		
Bedoni, C.	Miss Aguilar Julia	Mrs. Roberts, R. P.
Bonichi, P.	Mrs. Swan, A. H.	—
Dahl, A.	Miss Souza Hermilla	Mrs. Remedios, G. M. P.
Featherstonhaugh, E.	Mrs. Yoshida, S.	Miss Dol
Forsyth, W. J. E.	Sudaaki, N.	Lynch, K.
Fukuchi, Z.	Spring, T.	Mrs. Kuwayama, H.
Johansson, J.	Barnes, F. H.	McAllister, D.
Loehr, A. E.	Remedios, C. C.	Miss Oliveira, M.
Marshall, C. W.	Miss Harris, C. R. E.	Mrs. Hughes, A. J.
Matsuno, C.	Mrs. Tate, P. C.	Miss Inowka, M.
McCloy, C. H.	Reytagh, E. F.	Mrs. Green
Mitchell, T. W.	Koga, M.	Miss Gabb, L.
Reilly, P.	Cameron, J. E.	Mrs. Jones Frank
Snow, G. H. A.	Browett, H.	Bladgen, A. H.
Spring, T.	Wilson, A. A.	Forsyth, W. J. E.
Sudaaki, N.	Watanabe, K.	Encarnacao, L.
Tate, P. G.	Mrs. Sherman, G. E.	Miss Dahl, S.
Watanabe, T.	Miss Shepherd	Mrs. Bell, J. G.
Hughes, L. J.	Sasaki	—
<b>'D' Class</b>		
Diniz, F.	Mrs. Beck, C. A.	Miss Pearson
Dunlop, Geo.	Miss When	—
Fitch, G. A.	Mrs. Katz, J. B.	Miss Markham
Gates, F.	Hughes, A. J.	Mrs. Matthews, C.
Hori, Y.	Shepherd	Lancaster, K.
Hu, William	Miss Kodaira, M.	Miss Collaco Mara
Inowka, D.	Shirai, C.	Mrs. Costa Amalia
Ilima, M.	Harris, C. R. E.	Hodges, F. E.
Kuwayama, S.	Mrs. Cringio, R. A.	Costa, G.
Lambert, H. W.	Souza, E. Marques	Macbeth, J.
Matheson, N.	Victor, V.	Miss Aguilar Roxita
McKenzie, S.	Singhara, M.	—
Onshima, T.	When, M. O.	Mrs. Monk, W. J.
Parkin, D. H.	Coulton	Pell, J. G.
Patrick, H. C.	Mrs. Takata, P.	Forsyth, W. J. E.
Russell, R. A.	Miss Kodaira, Y.	Remedios Valdino
Sevenson, S. A.	Mrs. Kemp G. S. Foster	Francis Alda
Takakawa, Y.	Aguilar, F. X.	Monk Jean
Tanka, Y.	Tate, P. C.	Monk, A. J.
Thomson, N.	Yoshida, M.	Nile
Tuxford, J.	Collaco, A. M.	Lambert, H. W.
When, L. R.	Mrs. Tate, P. G.	Thomson, A. P.
Yamoka, Y.	Miss Collaco Hilda	Mrs. Benner, H. S.
Hughes, A. J.	Valentine	Johansson, J.

Winner 1915—A. M. Collaco.  
Winner 1916—T. Nagatke.  
The Committee hope that the competitors will not fail to shoot for this important competition.

## WUCHANG HIGH NORMAL HAS CROSS COUNTRY RUN

Special Correspondence of the China Press

Wuchang, May 11.—In brilliant weather the second cross-country race of Wuchang High Normal College was held on Sunday last. The distance was nine miles (from Wu Sun Gate to Ching Shan). A great number of competitors, 199, entering the race ensured a keen contest and the event was a conspicuous success. The arrangements before and during the race were excellent and the committee responsible are deserving of congratulation.

At 6 a.m. the students gathered on the college ground and under charge of their physical director they marched for Wu Sun Gate. The race started at 7.15 sharp.

The winner, Mr. Fong Pal-tong, was clocked at 58'41"; the second, Mr. Tien Son-tze, at 59'20"; and the third, Mr. Wang Hung-tai, at 59'22"; while 46 other students crossed the second finish line within 1½ hours. At noon an open air meeting was held. The program included distribution of prizes and certificates; addresses by the director, professors, the first three winners, and others and the taking of group photographs.

## Tennis Rules Announced

The Shanghai Lawn Tennis Association has decided on the following rules for all championship events:

Each round will be advertised to be played on a particular date or dates. Competitors are expected to decide themselves at what Club they propose to play, but the Honorary Secretary must be notified of such arrangement before the match is played, if possible not later than the previous day.

In the event of the courts agreed upon being unavailable for play on the day fixed, the match must be played on the next succeeding day on which the courts agreed upon are available for play.

Competitors are expected to arrange for their own umpires, but the Committee reserve themselves the right to appoint an umpire if they so desire.

Competitors not adhering to these conditions will be scratched.

Any dispute to be referred to the Committee whose decision shall be final.

## S. R. C. Lawn Bowls

The opening match of the season, Married v. Single, will take place tomorrow. Players are requested to be on the ground at 2.30 p.m. punctually.

The following have been selected:—

Messrs. B. Anderson, R. J. Bowerman, A. Bek, P. W. Ephgrave, W. S. Featherstonhaugh, S. Green, C. Komaroff, R. E. Lever, F. Milner, F. S. Ramplin, P. W. Reeves, E. Prince, W. S. Campbell, H. J. Cooper, A. E. Hayward, G. Manwaring, W. Milner, E. Nokes, H. B. Ollender, R. Phillips, C. H. Purcell, J. Quayle, H. Veltch, S. M. Wallace, E. White, W. J. Haynes, W. G. Brown.

## Fly Trap Fund

Balance in hand as per List of May 16.	£71.75
E. S. Hine	£10
R. J. Bowerman	5
Mrs. Denham	10
T. R. Wheelock	50
D. E. J. Abraham	25
W. H. Beatty	25
S. A. M.	10
Mrs. J. E. Cameron	10
A. B. S.	50
P. E. Taylor	50
S. M. Seth	10
M. Speelman	10
"War Bet" per H. and C. 50	
D. B.	5
<b>Total</b>	<b>£270 72.2 231.04</b>

S. A. Levy	25.00
R. A. G.	50.00
N. M. F.	15.00
Anonymous 'C'	10.00
<b>Total</b>	<b>£100 00 00</b>

Balance in hand £1,102.25

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No dangerous drugs used.

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22 Krt. Gold Crowns and Bridge Work \$10.00; Rubber plates, guaranteed to fit, \$25.00.



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Programme Extraordinary for May 18th, 19th and at the Matinee only, May 20th.

The celebrated Paramount Picture triumph, a five-part photo-dramatic attraction par excellence, featuring the world's sweetheart and the most popular of all motion picture artistes, MARY PICKFORD.

Accompanying the great photo-play, an episode of the "WHO'S GUILTY?" series will be shown, entitled

"THE WEAKER STRAIN" in 2 parts, featuring

ANNA NILSSON and TOM MOORE

Other subjects on the same programme:

A Paramount Travel Picture of the Australian Home and Savage Life.

The Pathe British Gazette

Col. Heeza Liar: War Correspondent  
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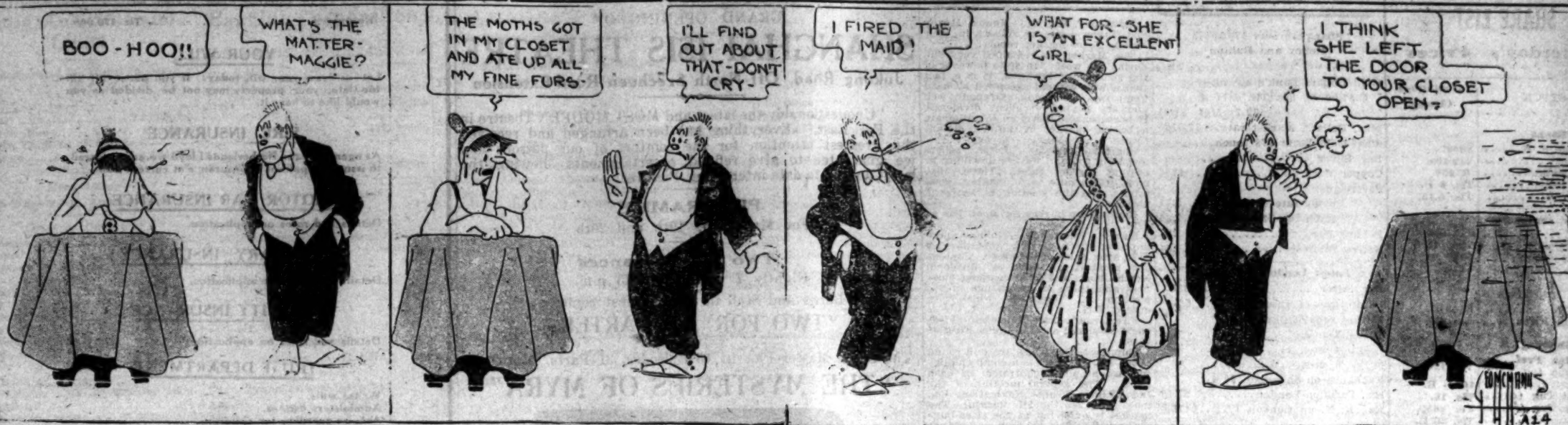




# Bringing Up Father



By George McManus



Love, Home and Table Topics  
By Clever Writers

Daily Home Magazine Page

A Good Page to Read in the  
Leisure Hour

## Have You Succeeded in Curing Your Dyspepsia?

By Garrett P. Service  
To what extent should a person be his own doctor? Napoleon, as the memoirs of O'Meara and Antomarchi, who attended him at St. Helena demonstrate, was a persistent and life long self-doctor. As Emperor he kept within call some of the greatest physicians and surgeons of the day, but, confident in his powers, which had placed him on the top of the world and made him the strongest personal-

ity of his time, he generally used his own judgment in dealing with his physical ailments, and as a consequence, possibly, he died at an age when many men are just entering upon their era of highest performance. His method was a simple one, resembling that of his campaigns. It was to conquer by impact. He said to Antomarchi: "My secret of cure was not to swallow drugs, but to go hungry for a day or two, or to com-

mit some excess in opposition to my usual habits. The shock which I thus administered to myself always produced a good result." He tried the method finally at St. Helena and with disastrous results.

Napoleon abused his stomach, not in the way of a gourmand, which he never was, but by dealing with it too masterfully, making it subservient to his caprice and convenience, and the cancer that killed him was probably unconsciously invited by himself instead of being a blight of heredity. He spoke repeatedly in his talks with his doctors of the influence of his temperament upon his health.

These reminiscences of the famous case of Napoleon have a living interest today on account of the spread of diseases that are directly connected with habits of living as affecting the digestive apparatus, including the whole range of dyspeptic troubles. Dr. C. S. Fischer in the Medical Record, very interestingly discusses the cause of the frequent failures in the treatment of chronic dyspepsia, by which, as he says, the best laid scientific plans are vitiated.

Dr. Fischer dwells upon the importance of a doctor's obtaining a knowledge not merely of his patient's pathological condition, but "of the man himself." This is the temperament of which Napoleon spoke. I have often recalled a remark that Nelson Sizer, famous as phrenologist a generation ago, made to me when I was a very young man. He said: "You ought to become a doctor; you would be a successful one because you would study the personality of your patients." Fortunately or unfortunately, I did not become a doctor, but the remark of that acute student of human character implanted in my mind, like an axiom, the conviction that it is the duty of a doctor to know his patient as well as his patient's disease.

Says Dr. Fischer: "The great majority of the ordinary chronic dyspepsias present infinite and composite pictures of evil moral, social and physical influences. Each case is individual, and it is upon the intelligent and painstaking analysis of these

factors that successful treatment will depend."

There is a very intimate relation between the nervous system and the digestive organs, and here, apparently, lies the source of the difficulty in dealing with many forms of chronic dyspepsia. Patients become discouraged and disgusted because the regular line of treatment suggested by the evident pathological conditions gives no relief, or no permanent relief, while, on the other hand, the doctor has not the time, the patience, or the qualities required for a profound study of the heredity and the individual temperament of the patient.

To quote Dr. Fischer again: "Experience will sooner or later disclose that the greatest obstacle to successful treatment in these cases does not lie with the physiological or anatomical defects. These are usually revealed with ease and accorded their proper relationship. The greatest difficulty rests with the individual himself, the mental attitude which he either assumes or which circumstances have imposed upon him."

And then he goes on to aver that "the nearer the case stands to Mother Earth, in the social scale, the less do we find of those temperamental failings which constitute the greatest obstacles." This seems to mean, plainly, that the higher the imagined standing of the patient through education,

wealth and social advantages, the more likely his dyspepsia, if he has any, is to be of the intractable kind. And here the Napoleonic idea is most likely to take possession of the patient's mind, largely as a result of his unfortunate experiences with doctors who have simply studied his ailment without studying him.

His very intelligence, and the success which it has brought him in affairs, is apt to stand in his way. As the doctors have failed to cure his dyspepsia, he will cure it himself. Dr. Fischer puts the case in this way: "Unfortunately, and paradoxically, it may happen that the temperamental characteristics which offer the greatest resistance to control are the very ones which have contributed most to material success in life. There is usually a well-defined personal conception of the existing state. Such individuals are in the position of the philosophers who think they have solved the riddle of the universe. They deceive themselves, for they have only conceived themselves."

The moral is: Don't doctor yourself (the doctors never do that), but find a doctor who will study your temperament as well as your stomach, and remember that, standing outside, he can get a view that you cannot, no matter how great your intelligence. You are not likely to succeed where Napoleon failed!

## Looking The War Facts Straight In The Face

(Continued from Page 8)

resolutions, and a sentimental quietism can never, severally or collectively, successfully cope.

And we belong to this world. This war is, then, not foreign to us. From the very beginning it has had, of very necessity, an immense economic, social, and moral interest involving the people and the Government of the United States. And there was never in our history a more unfortunate, and in the end doomed to be vain policy than that of attempting to make it none of the business of all the American people in a clear-sighted and actively participating way.

But what do we mean by Americanism; and what sort of a man and citizens must one be to be a genuine

American? Primarily, it is a matter of the spirit. It is quite in contrast with the spirit of Prussianism, directly opposed to the spirit of the Hungarian noble or the Turk, whether subject or Pasha.

It requires a knowledge of what America has stood for from the beginning, and what it must continue to stand for to the end, if it is to continue to merit its ancient name. It is a spirit which is not afraid to express itself, frankly and bravely, in both word and deed. It is a spirit which encourages his enthusiasms, which are not to be dampened by cowardice and greed, and not to be suppressed

by Governmental edicts or Congressional resolutions. Much less is it to be seduced by foreign propaganda, or cowed by threats or hints of foreign reprisals, whether economic or warlike.

If this is Americanism in the spirit, there can be little doubt as to some of the active forms which the spirit ought to take in view of the initiation, conduct, and issues of the present war. It ought to align us cordially and actively on the side which we believe to be the side of constitutional and popular government, as against the side which embodies the theory and practices of a military autocracy. It ought to make us boldly indignant in our protests of a policy which, in utter disregard of laws, international and moral, ruthlessly tramples the weak under foot and visits with rapine and murder all resistance to its imperial will. It ought to stimulate our denunciation of this policy, and our active resistance to it.

A generation ago these truths as to the nature of Americanism were taught to every child in at least some vague and figurative way; and no young man could graduate from a reputable college without the required study of their foundations and their history.

It is not, however, in foreign relations alone that the spirit of Americanism needs a serious revival. If we extend it to domestic matters we shall have to say that the politician who does not regard the interests of his country and of free government everywhere more than his official position; the labor union which institutes strikes in disregard of public interests, or enforces its strike by illegal methods; the syndicate or corporation which fosters or by illicit means procures class legislation; the promoters of schemes in foreign lands by means that disgrace the Republic and make it the object of hatred rather than of esteem and affection; the

pacifist who prefers his own ease and safety to the honor and safety of the country; and all others who, at home or abroad, bring into disrepute our ancient and fair fame for a loving allegiance to liberty and law—all these, and sundry others, are no true Americans.

The imperative call to the nation is: "Americans, awake and prepare!" Employing the words of Coleridge when speaking of matters of theology rather than of politics or diplomacy, "I will venture to appeal to those self-obscurants whose faith dwells in the Land of the Shadow of Darkness"—not forgetting, however, that these words occur in a writing which he called "The Friend," although addressed to those whose conduct he deplored and condemned.

## THE ASPIRATIONS OF ITALY

Developments to Be Favored by the Kingdom's Change of Alliance

In his book "Italy and the War" (George H. Doran Company) Jacques Bainville, made known in America through a translation by Bernard Miall, undertakes to interpret the spirit of the kingdom and its people.

He maintains that Italy was not playing a part when she declined to maintain the alliance; her intervention expressed the deepest desires of the Italian heart. Nor is she at present suffering under any illusions as to the nature of the war upon which she has embarked.

Italy turned deliberately, we are told, to a renewal of her old cordial relations with France, and to associations more natural to her and more likely to aid in her national development than those with the Teutonic empire. She hopes to strengthen her new bonds of friendship after the war. Materially, she aspires to a furtherance of her influence in the East, while looking to serious competition for something of Germany's place in world markets through an excellent organization for the technicalities of industry.

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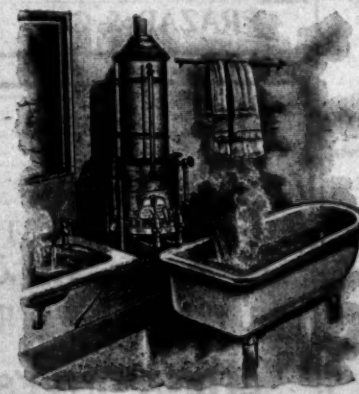
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meadow and cows in the corn!  
Where is the boy who tends  
the sheep? He's eating DEL  
MONTE with little Bo-Peep.

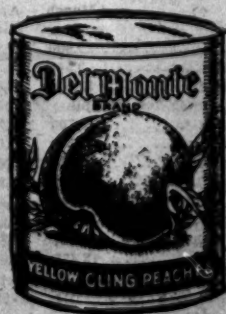


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# Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

## Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1852.  
Capital ..... £1,200,000  
Reserve Fund ..... 1,900,000  
Reserve Liability of Shareholders ..... 1,200,000

Head Office:  
25 BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E. C.

Court of Directors:  
Sir Montagu Osmund Turner, Chairman.  
Sir Henry B. Cunningham, K.C.I.E.  
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.  
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.  
W. H. Neville Gochen, Esq.  
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.  
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.  
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Branches:  
The Bank of England.  
The London City and Midland Bank Limited.  
The London County and Westminster Bank Limited.  
The National Provincial Bank of England Limited.  
The National Bank of Scotland Limited.

Agencies and Branches:  
Amritsar, Delhi, Ferozepur, Hongkong, Ipoh, Penang, Rangoon, Seremban, Singapore, Taiping, Teluk Anson, Tientsin, Yokohama.  
London County and Westminster Bank, Ltd.  
Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.  
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Drafts granted on the above agencies and branches and also on the principal commercial cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought and received for collection. Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.  
Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.  
Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

W. B. SUTHERLAND, Manager.

## BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE

Capital ..... Frs. 48,000,000.00  
Reserves ..... Frs. 48,000,000.00

Agencies and Branches:  
Bangkok, Hanoi, Saigon, Battambang, Hongkong, Shanghai, Canton, Mengtze, Singapore, Djibouti, Noumea, Tientsin, Dondiebery, Peking, Tourane, Haiphong, Paapeete, Hankow, Pnom-Penh.

Branches:  
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et Commercial; Societe Generale.  
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Pays-Bas; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN, Manager.

## Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique  
Societe Anonyme  
Paid-up Capital ..... Frs. 30,000,000

Head Office: BRUSSELS.  
London office: 2 Bishopsgate.  
Branches at Peking, Tientsin, Alexandria, Cairo (Egypt), and Rotterdam.

President:  
J. JANOT  
Societe Generale de Belgique.

Branches:  
London: Martin's Bank, Ltd.  
Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.  
Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.

Paris: Banque de l'Union Parisienne, Societe Anonyme.  
Lyons and Marseilles: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris.  
New York: National City Bank of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts, Tills and fixed deposits according to arrangement.  
Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

M. DEMETS, Manager for China.

## Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital ..... \$15,000,000  
Reserve Funds:  
Sterling, £1,500,000 @ 2s. \$15,000,000  
Silver ..... 15,500,000  
Reserve Liability of Proprietors ..... \$15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG

Court of Directors:  
S. H. Dodwell, Esq., Chairman.  
J. A. Plummer Esq., Deputy.  
Hon. Mr. C. E. Anton. (Chairman).  
G. T. M. Edkins, Esq.  
C. S. Gubbay Esq.  
Hon. Mr. F. H. Holyoak.  
E. V. D. Darr, Esq.  
W. L. Patterson, Esq.  
Hon. Mr. E. Shellin.

Chief Manager:  
Hongkong—N. J. STARR.

Branches and Agencies:  
Amoy, Ipoh, Peking, Hankow, Johore, Penang, Batavia, Kobe, Rangoon, Bombay, Kuala Lumpur, Saigon, Calcutta, London, S. Francisco, Canton, Lyons, Shanghai, Colombo, Malacca, Singapore, Fochow, Manila, Sourabaya, Hankow, Nagasaki, Tientsin, Harbin, New York, Tsingtau, Itoio, Yokohama.

London Bankers:  
London County and Westminster Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.  
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.  
Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.  
Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN, Manager.

## Russo-Asiatic Bank

Capital (fully paid) ..... 55,000,000  
Reserve Fund ..... 24,000,000  
Kope. Tls.

Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government ..... 3,500,000  
Reserve Fund ..... 1,743,000  
Head Office: PETERSBURG.  
Paris Office: 9, Rue Boudreau.  
London Office: 84, Old Broad St. E. C.

Branches:

London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.  
Paris: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.  
Lyons: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.

Far Eastern Branches and Agencies:  
Bombay, Hankow, Peking, Calcutta, Hongkong, Shanghai, Changhai, Harbin, Tientsin, (Kwan Hongkong, Tsingtau, chepdze), Newchwang, Vladivostok, Chefoo, Nicolayowsky, Yokohama, Dalny (Dalren O-A).  
55 Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia.

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Tails, Dollars and Roubles, Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.  
Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Deposits Boxes.

J. JEZERSKI, Q. CARRERE, Managers for China and Japan.

## The Shanghai Commercial and Savings Bank, Ltd.

9, Ningpo Road.

Paid-Up Capital ..... \$ 200,000.00  
Reserves ..... \$ 10,000.00  
Deposits (Dec. 31, 1916) \$1,400,000.00

Correspondents at principal cities in China, and domestic exchange a specialty.  
Credits granted on approved securities. Bills discounted.  
Current account in both tails and dollars with interest, may be opened on application.

Particulars of interest allowed on fixed deposits in both tails and dollars, will be furnished on request.

K. P. CHEN, General Manager.

## The Bank of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital ..... \$60,000,000  
Paid-up Capital ..... \$10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.

Branches and Agencies:  
Peking, Tientsin, Newchwang, Mukden, Changchun, Harbin, Dairen, Tsinan, Tsingtau, Kaifung, Hankow, Ichang, Shanghai, Wuhu, Yangchow, Chinkiang, Nanking, Shanghai, Hangchow, Ningpo, Fochow, Canton, Nanchang, Taiyuen, etc., etc.

SHANGHAI BRANCH.

Loans granted on approved securities. Local bills discounted. Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts in Tails at the rate of 2 per cent per annum and on Fixed Deposits at the following rates:

For 3 months at the rate of 3 per cent per annum.  
For 6 months at the rate of 4 per cent per annum.  
For 12 months at the rate of 5 per cent per annum.

SUNG HAN-CHANG, Manager.

## Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Saving Bank Office:  
12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than \$1. or over \$100, will be received at one time.

Not more than \$1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of \$5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3 1/2 per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Tails, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

## Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital ..... Frs. 45,000,000  
One-third of the Capital, i. e. Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC

Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President, Andre Berthelot.  
General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

HEAD OFFICE

14, Rue St. Lazare, PARIS.  
Branches in Peking, Tientsin and Shanghai.

BANKERS:

In France: Societe Generale pour le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.  
In London: London County and Westminster Bank, Ltd.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits on application.  
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

G. LION, Manager.

## Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880.)

Head Office: YOKOHAMA, JAPAN.

Capital Subscribed ..... Yen 48,000,000  
Capital Paid-up ..... 30,000,000  
Reserve Fund ..... 20,000,000

London Bankers:

Union of London & Smith's Bank, The London Joint Stock Bank, Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies:

Antungshin, London, Port Arthur, Bombay, Lioyang, S. Francisco, Calcutta, Los Angeles, Singapore, Changhai, Lyons, Sydney, Dalny, Mukden, Sianfu, Hankow, Nagasaki, Tientsin, Harbin, Newchwang, Tsingtau, Hongkong, New York, Tokyo, Honolulu, Osaka, Tsingtau, Kobe, Peking.

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Tails and Dollars, according to arrangement.  
Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa and China, and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America, and every description of Banking and exchange business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

## International Banking Corporation

Capital & Surplus, U.S.\$6,500,000.00  
Undivided Profits ..... 1,010,000.00  
U.S.\$7,510,000.00

Head Office:

55 Wall Street, New York

National City Bank Building.

London Office:

36 Bishopsgate, E. C.

Branches:

Bombay, Calcutta, Cebu, Colon, Hankow, Hongkong, Kobe, London, Manila, Medinilla, (Cristobal C.Z.), Panama, Peking, San Francisco, Santo Domingo, San Pedro de, Santos, Shanghai, Singapore, Tientsin, Yokohama.

Through its close affiliation with the NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK, the Corporation is able to offer the special services of the Branches of that Institution in Cuba and South America, viz.:

Buenos Aires, Rio de Janeiro, Bahia, Santiago de Cuba, Genoa, San Paulo, Havana, Montevideo, Valparaiso, Petrograd.

The Corporation issues Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit and on CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNT and on FIXED DEPOSIT ACCOUNT on terms which may be ascertained on application, and transacts all other descriptions of Banking and Exchange business.

H. C. GULLAND, Manager.

14 Klunking Road, SHANGHAI.

## Nederlandsche Handel-Maatschappij

(NEDERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY.)

Established 1824.

Paid-up Capital ..... Guilds 60,000,000 (about \$5,000,000)  
Reserve Fund ..... Guilds 9,235,431 (about \$827,120)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.

Head Agency: BATAVIA

Agencies in Holland:

THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:

Banjarasin, Padang, Soerakarta, Batavia, Palembang, Tandjong Balei, Cheribon, Pekalongan, Tebin-Tinggi, Djember, Penang, Tegal, Djokjakarta, Pontianak, Telok-Betong, Hongkong, Rangoon, Tjilatjap, Kora-Radja, Semarang, Weltevreden, Makassar, Singapore, Medan, Soerabaya.

London Bankers:

Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents, and transacts banking business of every description.  
Current accounts kept in tails and dollars.

SHANGHAI INTEREST ALLOWED ON current tail accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG, Manager.

## Commercial Bank of China

Head office: SHANGHAI

Subscribed Capital Sh. Tls. 5,000,000

Paid-up Capital .. Sh. Tls. 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:

For 3 months at 3 per cent per annum.  
For 6 months at 4 per cent per annum.  
For 12 months at 5 per cent per annum.

On Deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. C. MARSHALL, Chief Manager.

## The Bank of Canton, Limited.

Incorporated 1912.

Authorized Capital ..... H.K.\$2,000,000

Subscribed and paid up Capital ..... H.K.\$1,271,500

Reserve Fund ..... H.K.\$ 120,000

Investment reserve fund.....H.K.\$ 20,000

Head Office:

No. 4 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong

Shanghai Office:

No. 2 Ningpo Road.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. C. WONG, Act. Manager.

## The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Authorised Capital ..... £1,500,000  
Subscribed Capital ..... 1,125,000  
Paid-up Capital ..... 542,500  
Reserve Fund ..... 600,000

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Gracechurch Street LONDON, E. C.

London Bankers:

Bank of England.

London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies:

Bombay, Calcutta, Cebu, Colon, Hankow, Hongkong, Kandy, Penang, Karachi, Part Louis, Kota Bahru (Mauritius), Galle (Kolanian), Rangoon, Hongkong, Kuala Lumpur, Shanghai, Singapore.

Shanghai Branch.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Tails Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum and on Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. T. BRATH, Acting Manager.

7 Nanking Road.

## BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorised by Presidential Mandates of April 7, 1914 and October 31, 1915.

Paid up Capital: Kuiping Tails 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.

50 Branches and Agencies at principal commercial places in China.

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits in Tails and Dollars according to arrangements.

Credit granted on Approved Securities and Every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

CHAO CHING HUA, Manager.

## SUMITOMO BANK, LIMITED

SHANGHAI BRANCH

1 Klunking Road

Capital (Paid-up) .. Yen 15,000,000

Reserves ..... Yen 1,470,000

Deposits ..... Yen 120,000,000

President, Baron K. SUMITOMO

Head Office: OSAKA.

Branches:

Tokyo, Yokohama, Nagoya, Kyoto, Osaka, Kobe, Hyogo, Onomichi, Kure, Niigata, Hiroshima, Yanai, Shimane, Mori, Wakamatsu, Kure, Kurume, Honolulu, San Francisco, Bombay and Hankow.

London Bankers:

LLOYDS BANK, LIMITED

New York Bankers:

NATIONAL CITY BANK OF N. Y.

Banking Business in General Foreign Exchange Business, Travelers' and Commercial Letters of Credit. Correspondents throughout the World.

S. KASAHARA, Manager.

Tel. No. 3536 (Sumitomo Bank).

Tel. No. 4683 (Comptadore Office).

## 中孚銀行

Statutes approved by the Government in 1915

Head Office: Tientsin

Capital ..... \$3,000,000.00

Paid up Capital ..... \$1,000,000.00

Managing Director: SUN TAO SAN

Branches and Agencies:

Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Hankow, Nanking, Pengpu, Hsuehchow, Chinkiang, Yangchow, Hangchow, Ningpo, Shaohing.

Shanghai Branch

441, Ningpo Road

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. SUN, Manager.

T. D. ZAR, Sub-manager.

## 'SUDDEN DEATH TOO GOOD FOR ENGLISH'

Says U-Boat Chief To Boy Survivor; Leaves Him To Perish On Sea

Paris, April 7.—An amazing story is told by John Duff, a fifteen-year-old cadet of the British merchant service, the only survivor of the British ship Thracia, sunk by a submarine torpedo off the French coast a few days ago, who has arrived at a French port.

With six others, of the crew the boy managed to get away in a partly wrecked lifeboat, half full of water. Four were so badly wounded they soon died; the fifth perished of exposure and the sixth was washed overboard by a great wave and drowned.

Alone in the wrecked boat, in the darkness (for the Thracia was sunk after nightfall), with the sea breaking every moment over him, young Duff managed to hang for a long time he thinks two hours at least.

Suddenly a huge dark body loomed up out of the gloom and a voice hailed him. He replied with what little voice he had left, but the submarine commander merely asked him a few questions as to the ship, her cargo and her destination, and in response to his statement that he was the sole survivor, said:

"I would like to shoot you down with my machine gun, but that death would be too swift, so I'll leave you to a less pleasant death. Slow agony is good enough for an English boy."

For twelve hours after the submarine disappeared Duff clung to the boat before he was picked up by a French trawler.

Nineteen Boys in Ten Years

Corning, Ark., April 4.—Frank Scott and his wife of Kennett have been married ten years. Nineteen boys have been born to them. Six died at birth. Of the thirteen living there are three sets of triplets and two sets of twins.



## GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

## Future Sailings

## FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
May 18	..	New York via Panama	Taiyuan maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
..	..	San Francisco	Taiyuan maru	Jap.	Alexander
..	..	Tacoma & Seattle Wash	Manila maru	Jap.	S. K.
June 15	..	Victoria B.C. & Seattle	Nippon maru	Jap.	Alexander
..	..	San Francisco	Chiba	Jap.	G. I. Pet.
..	..	Victoria B.C. & Seattle	Shidzuka maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.

## FOR JAPAN PORTS

May 19	9.00	Nagasaki, Moji & Kobe	Yawata maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
..	..	Kobe and Yokohama	Kamo maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
..	..	Nagasaki, Moji & Kobe	Yamashiro maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
..	..	Kobe and Osaka via Moji	Kasuga maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
..	..	Nagasaki	Simbira	Jap.	R. Y. T.
..	..	Nagasaki, Kobe & Yokohama	Taiyuan maru	Jap.	Alexander
..	..	Nagasaki, Moji & Kobe	Omi maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
..	..	Nagasaki, Moji & Kobe	Chikugo maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
June 2	..	Nagasaki, Moji & Kobe	Hakata maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.

## FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

June 8	8.30	Liverpool, etc.	Kabot maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
..	..	LONDON, etc.	Kamo maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.

## FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

May 19	9.00	Ningpo	Hsin Pekin	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	Ningpo	Hsin Nissansu	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	Ningpo	Hsin Nissansu	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	Ningpo	Hsin Nissansu	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	Ningpo	Hsin Nissansu	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	Ningpo	Hsin Nissansu	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	Ningpo	Hsin Nissansu	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	Ningpo	Hsin Nissansu	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	Ningpo	Hsin Nissansu	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	Ningpo	Hsin Nissansu	Br.	B. & S.

## FOR NORTHERN PORTS

May 18	10.0	Yokohama, Chiofo & Tientsin	Shuntien	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	Yokohama, Chiofo & Tientsin	Kashima maru	Jap.	S. M. & Co.
..	..	Yokohama, Chiofo & Tientsin	Fukushima maru	Jap.	K. M. & A.
..	..	Yokohama, Chiofo & Tientsin	Wuhu	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	Yokohama, Chiofo & Tientsin	Tangchow	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	Yokohama, Chiofo & Tientsin	Shanghai	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	Yokohama, Chiofo & Tientsin	Shanghai	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	Yokohama, Chiofo & Tientsin	Shanghai	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	Yokohama, Chiofo & Tientsin	Shanghai	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	Yokohama, Chiofo & Tientsin	Shanghai	Br.	B. & S.

## FOR RIVER PORTS

May 18	M.N.	Hankow etc	Luenyi	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	Hankow etc	Suiwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
..	..	Hankow etc	Kashima	Jap.	N. Y. K.
..	..	Hankow etc	Fengyang maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
..	..	Hankow etc	Tachikawa	Jap.	N. Y. K.
..	..	Hankow etc	Kiangsu	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	Hankow etc	Kiangsu	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	Hankow etc	Kiangsu	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	Hankow etc	Kiangsu	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	Hankow etc	Kiangsu	Br.	B. & S.

## Arrivals

Date	From	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents	Berth
May 17	Hankow	Kiangsu	2013	Br.	C. M. S. N. Co.	KLYW
..	Hankow	Suiwo	1831	Br.	J. M. & Co.	SHW
..	Hankow	Fengyang maru	2808	Jap.	N. Y. K.	NYKW
..	Hankow	Luenyi	1735	Br.	B. & S.	CNW
..	Hankow	Tachikawa	937	Br.	Geddes & Co.	NSW
..	Hankow	Wuhu	1227	Br.	B. & S.	

## Departures

Date	For	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents
May 17	Japan	Kumano maru	3147	Jap.	N. Y. K.
..	Hongkong & Canton	Sinkiang	1616	Br.	B. & S.
..	Hongkong & Canton	Wosang	1127	Br.	J. M. & Co.
..	Hongkong & Canton	Kiangsu	1228	Br.	B. & S.
..	Hongkong & Canton	Kiangsu	1944	Br.	K. M. & A.
..	Hankow etc	Tachikawa	937	Br.	N. Y. K.
..	Hankow etc	Kiangsu	1451	Br.	C. M. S. N. Co.
..	Hankow etc	Luenyi	1539	Br.	J. M. & Co.
..	Ningpo	Kiangsu	3013	Br.	C. M. S. N. Co.

## Vessels In Harbor And At Mooring

Arrived	From	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents	Berth
May 15	Hankow	Albenga	1769	Ger.	Uniwit	US
..	Japan	Arima maru	108	Jap.	N. Y. K.	UP
..	Hongkong	Yonetsu	3253	Aus.	Libby	B VII
..	Chinwangtao	Barrumbet	1156	Br.	K. M. & A.	OD
..	Hongkong	China	3268	Aus.	Ang. Lloyd	VP
..	Hankow	Changwo	895	Br.	J. M. & Co.	SHW
..	Hongkong	D. Blockers	3651	Ger.	H. D. & Co	USA
..	Hankow etc	Fortuna	181	Ger.	H. D. & Co	US
..	Hongkong	Peiching	994	Chi.	C. M. S. N. Co.	KLYW
..	Hankow	Hanping	531	Chi.	H. Y. P. I.	COMAW
..	Hankow	Irene	838	Chi.	C. M. S. N. Co.	KLYB
..	Hankow	Kwanglee	1298	Chi.	C. M. S. N. Co.	KLYW
..	Hankow	Kiangsu	1490	Chi.	C. M. S. N. Co.	KLYW
..	Hankow	Melida	1683	Ger.	Melchers	US
..	Hankow	Melida	1683	Ger.	Melchers	US
..	Ningpo	Melida	406	Aus.	S. O. Co	SOCW
..	Hongkong	Sinkiang	1840	Ger.	H. A. L.	US
..	Hongkong	Shuntien	3318	Aus.	Ang. Lloyd	B IX
..	Tientsin	Shuntien	1987	Br.	B. & S.	CNW
..	Japan	Yawata maru	3895	Jap.	N. Y. K.	NYKW

## For Northern Ports

WEIHAIWEL, CHEFOO and TIEN-TSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Shuntien, Capt. Northcombe, will leave from the French Bund on Friday, May 18, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

CHINWANGTAO DIRECT.—The Kailash Mining Administration chartered a.s. Fukuchi Maru, May 18. For Freight or Passage, apply to Agent, No. 1 Jinken Road. Tel. No. 319.

WEIHAIWEL, CHEFOO and TIEN-TSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s

## Vessels Loading

## For River Ports

HANKOW AND PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s str. Suwo, 2,671 tons, Captain Sayle, will leave on Friday, May 18, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., General Managers, Tel. No. 240.

HANKOW AND PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Luenyi, Capt. Fraser, will leave from the French Bund on Friday, May 18, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW AND PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Ngankin, Capt. Newcomb, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, May 19, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW AND PORTS.—The Co's str. Fengyang Maru, Capt. S. Takano, will be despatched from N.Y.K. wharf on Saturday, May 19, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to The Nishin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund. Tel. No. 3256.

HANKOW AND PORTS.—The Co's str. Tachi Maru, Capt. E. Matsunaka, will be despatched from Footing N.K.K. wharf on Sunday, May 20, at about 12 o'clock midnight. The last steam launch will leave Canton Road jetty at 11 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to The Nishin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund. Tel. No. 3256.

HANKOW AND PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Tungtung, Capt. Williams, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, May 22, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW AND PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Wuchang, Capt. Pickard, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, May 22, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW AND PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Tungtung, Capt. Wawell, will leave from the French Bund on Thursday, May 24, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW AND PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Chungking, Capt. E. Monkman, will leave on Friday, May 25, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW AND PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Poyang, Captain Cunningham, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, May 26, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW AND PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Poyang, Captain Cunningham, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, May 26, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

## For Southern Ports

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Hsin Pekin, Capt. A. Scott, R.N.R., will leave from the French Bund on Friday, May 18, at 4 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

SWATOW AND AMOY.—The str. Hsinchi, Capt. E. Hansen, will leave on Saturday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

FOOCHOW.—The str. Hsien, Capt. F. H. Wallace, will leave on Saturday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HONGKONG AND CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Yinchow, Capt. J. Gibbs, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Sunday, May 27, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG AND CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Ahnui, Capt. Eddy, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Sunday, May 27, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG AND CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Sunning, Capt. W. L. Jones, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Tuesday, May 22, at 11 a.m. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

AMOY, HONGKONG AND CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Shantung, Capt. Meathrel, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Thursday, the 24th inst., at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG.—The str. Chicago Maru, Capt. T. Saito, will be despatched from the Co's Yangtzeport wharf on Thursday, May 24, at 2 p.m. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the customs jetty at 1 p.m., on the same day. For Freight or Passage, apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4047.

## For Foreign Ports

TACOMA AND SEATTLE, calling at VICTORIA, B.C., via NAGASAKI, MOJI, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIZU and YOKOHAMA.—The str. Manila Maru, Capt. N. Kobayashi, will be despatched from the French Bund on Monday, May 28, at 10 a.m. Through Bills of Lading are granted for American Ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Co. at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular invoices must accompany overland shipment. The tender will leave the Customs jetty for conveyance of passengers and mails to the steamer, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4047.

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\*The s.s. Wuchang is especially fitted to handle heavy lifts. Regular sailings every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday at midnight.

For HONGKONG and CANTON.—S.S. Anhui, Chenan, Yingchow, Sinkiang, Shantung and Sunning.—Sailing from the French Bund and connection at Hongkong with the Company's steamers for Hoihow, Pakhoi, Haiphong, Manila, Cebu, Iloilo, Zamboanga and Australian ports. Sailing from the French Bund every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday.

For TIEN-TSIN and PEKING via WEIHAIWEL and CHEFOO.—S.S. Tungchow, Fengtien, Shuntien and Shengking.—Sailing from the French Bund every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

For NINGPO.—S.S. Hsin Pekin.—Sailing from the French Bund. Regular sailings every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4 p.m. The above steamers are installed with Electric Light throughout, with Steam Heaters in the State Rooms and Dining Saloon, and are otherwise completely fitted for the comfort and convenience of passengers.

For further particulars regarding passage money, etc., see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE," obtainable from the undersigned, or from The International Sleeping Car Express Train Co., or from Messrs. THOMAS COOK & SON, Poochow Road.

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"MANILA MARU" (18,000 tons) Capt. N. Kobayashi May 27, 28 arr. leave.

"CHICAGO MARU" (12,000 tons) Capt. I. Saito May 28, 29 arr. leave.

"KEELUNG MARU" (1,569 tons) Capt. P. Kamiashi May 28, 29 arr. leave.

"KOHOKU MARU" (2,610 tons) Capt. K. Saito May 28, 29 arr. leave.

The Company also run numerous steamers from Japan to India, South America, Australia, China, Korea, Vladivostok, and also between the Principal Ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information, please apply to:—

H. YAMAUCHI, Manager, OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA, Union Building, 4 The Bund. Tel. Address: SHOSEN, SHANGHAI. Tel. Nos. 4047, 4234.

## Men-of-War In Port

Section	Date	From	Name	Flag and Rating	Tons	Guns	Man.	Commander
PAORI	Apr. 16	Cruise	Monocacy	Am g-b.	100	2	43	McInters
PAORI	Apr. 29	Cruise	Palos	Am g-b.	183	2	48	Delano
BNB	Apr. 15	Cruise	Galros	Am g-b.	350	4	55	Lewis
TP	Apr. 14	Cruise	Samar	Am g-b.	243	4	53	Brown
BNB	Apr. 14	Cruise	Villalobos	Am g-b.	370	4	55	Partello

The French gunboats D. de Lagree and Declede, the Japanese gunboats Fushimi, Sumida and Toba, and the British gunboat Woodlark are not included in this list, being dismantled.

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Shanghai.

## T. K. K.







# Business and Official Notices

## The War Dressing Department

8 Nanking Road  
will be closed today (Friday), but will be re-opened on Monday next, May 21, when work will be continued as usual.

## The Karan Rubber Estate Company, Limited

NOTICE is hereby given that the Seventh Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Offices of the General Managers of the Company, No. 2 Kiukiang Road, on Wednesday, the 6th June, 1917, at 4 p.m., when the Report and Accounts for the year ended 31st March, 1917, will be presented. The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 28th May to the 6th June, 1917, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Directors,  
A. R. Burkill & Sons,  
General Managers.

13358

## NOTICE

I have severed connections with the Chinese Produce Company, as well as with the China Export and Import Co., as from the 10th of May.

MORRIS ROTHSCHILD.

13359

## NOTICE

I have this day taken into partnership with me Mr. Robert Thomas Bryan, Jr., A. B., L. L. B., University of North Carolina. On and after June 1, 1917, the firm name will be Allan & Bryan, Attorneys and Counsellors-at-Law, 6 Jinkee Road.

A. S. ALLAN.

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S. C. YEE, Secretary.

## S/S "SUKI MARU"

THE S/S "Suki Maru" is now discharging her cargo at the Shanghai-Hongkew-Pootung East Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their B/Ls for counter-signature and take immediate delivery of the goods. All claims against this steamer must be in within 10 days after completion of the steamer's discharge or they will not be recognized. All risk of fire at the wharf and godowns to be borne by the consignees of the cargo. Examination of damaged goods will take place at the wharf on Saturday, May 19th, at 10 a.m.

## The Robert Dollar Company,

Time Charterers,

Union Building.

13337

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80 per month, including taxes.

Apply to Box 49, THE CHINA

PRESS.

13351 T. F.

118 AVENUE ROAD, six-roomed

house with garage and all modern

conveniences. South aspect. May

be viewed between 3 to 6 p.m.

Apply to 10 Yangtzepoo Road.

13332 M 20

## Exchange and Mart

WANTED: Human skull, Chin-

ese, large, complete with jaw: Only

fine specimen wanted. Reply to

Box 52, THE CHINA PRESS.

13362 M 20

FOR SALE: piano, upright grand,

by Tozer, London. In good con-

dition. Bargain, Tls. 275. Apply

to Box 48, THE CHINA PRESS.

13350 M 19

WANTED, one Western Union or

Bentley Code; must be complete.

Apply to Box 39, THE CHINA

PRESS.

13341 M 15

FOR SALE: One collection rifles,

olden style, in good condition.

Moderate price. Apply to Box 50,

THE CHINA PRESS.

13352 M 19

WANTED to purchase, electric

desk fan of 200 volts, good condi-

tion. State size and price to Dr.

Sugg. Ningpo.

13340 M 18

FOR SALE, small English motor-

car, two-seater, in good order

equipped with electric lights, very

low price; owner buying larger car.

Apply to Box 40, THE CHINA

PRESS.

13342 M 18

## SITUATIONS WANTED

BRITISH-CANADIAN, with American experience, wants position as bookkeeper, stenographer, or private secretary; possesses tact and good executive ability; no objection to travel; best of references. Apply to Box 51, THE CHINA PRESS.

13354 M 15

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WANTED, first-class stenographer, familiar with technical terms. Good salary to right party. Apply to Box 31, THE CHINA PRESS.

13310 M 15

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PRIVATE lessons in English by certificated professional English lady teacher. Reasonable terms. Apply to Box 27, THE CHINA PRESS.

13304 M 15

## OFFICES TO LET

OFFICES to let at 15 Nanking Road. Apply to Raven Trust Co., Ltd. 15 Nanking Road.

13335 T. F.

## TRANSLATIONS

TRANSLATOR, who has considerable experience in legal, consular, syndicate, journalistic, commercial and official translation work, undertakes translation in English and Chinese of agreements, petitions, letters, legal documents, advertisements, and commercial documents, etc. Please apply to Chang Nieh-yun, c/o 1-a Peking Road, or P.D., 159 Haining Road, opposite West End Lane.

AUTO-PIANO. 88-note, for sale at reasonable price, together with 35 rolls of music. Of well known American make and condition as good as new. Apply to Box 47, THE CHINA PRESS.

13340 M 15

WANTED, small rowing boat. Apply to Box 45, THE CHINA PRESS.

13347 M 19

FOR SALE, one new Winchester automatic shot-gun, in perfect condition, for \$70. Apply to Box 46, THE CHINA PRESS.

13343 M 15

FOR SALE: Indian motor-cycle, 1915 model, twin-cylinder, single-speed, cushion frame, equipped with Bosch Magneto, Schreiber carburetor and electric light. Suitable for side-car work. In A1 condition. Apply to C. R. De Witt, Star Garage Co.

13254 M 22

FOR SALE, a Chinese sailing-vessel, named King Sheng Kang, 520 tons, newly built, strong hull, well made and good speed, with complete accessories. For inspection and particulars, please apply to Chow Szu Kee, No. 6 Rue Chusson, French Concession, Shanghai.

13307 M 25